=> FILE REG

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELF PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> FILE HCAPLUS

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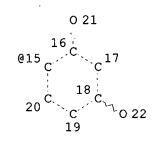
FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Oct 2002 VOL 137 ISS 17 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Oct 2002 (20021023/ED)

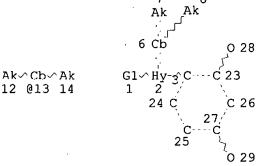
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

=> D QUE L17

L5 SCR 1840 L7 SCR 1993 L9 STR





426 structures from the quest Covers structure 1-41

VAR G1=15/13 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT 13 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED ECOUNT IS M2 N AT

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

426 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 AND L5 AND L7 L12 L13 210 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L12 L14 66 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L13(L) (PREP_OR SPN OR IMF)/RL 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND ?YELLOW? 42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND (LIGHT? OR UV OR ULTRAVIOLET L15 L16 QR ULTRA(W) VIOLET) (3A) ABSORB? L17 43 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L15 OR L16 43 CA references with utility

=> SEL HIT RN L17 1-43 E1 THROUGH E185 ASSIGNED 185 but structures from the 43 CA ref's so => D L17 ALL 1-43 FHITSTR printed only 1 structure per reference applicante

ANSWER 1 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L17

2002:353442 HCAPLUS ΑN

136:370503 DN

TΙ Non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine ultraviolet light absorbers and their preparation

Gupta, Ram B.; Singh, Hargurpreet; Cappadona, Russell C.; Paterna, Mark; IN

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700/LAW LIBRARY 308-4290

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Wagner, Al
PΑ
     Cytec Technology Corp., USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 137 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     ICM C07D251-24
     ICS
         C08K005-3492
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 28
FAN.CNT 1
                       KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
                                            WO 2001-US32209 20011016
PΙ
     WO 2002036579
                      A1
                             20020510
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
             PT, RO,
                     RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                       Α5
                                            AU 2002-11759
     AU 2002011759
                             20020515
                                                              20011016
PRAI US 2000-698368
                        Α
                             20001030
     WO 2001-US32209
                             20011016
     MARPAT 136:370503
     Pyrimidine and triazine UV light absorbers
AΒ
     contg. a phenolic arom. groups(s) and a nonphenolic arom. groups(s)
     protect materials (plastics, cosmetics, fibers, etc.) against degrdn. by
     environmental forces, inclusive of UV light, actinic radiation, oxidn.,
     moisture, atm. pollutants, and combinations. The new class of pyrimidines
     and triazines includes 2(1) nonphenolic arom. groups with hydrocarbyl
     groups that are ortho to each other and 1(2) resorcinol or substituted
     resorcinol groups attached to a triazine or pyrimidine ring. The
     pyrimidines and triazines may be included in a polymeric structure. Lexan
     100 contg. 0.35% 2-[2-hydroxy-4-octyloxyphenyl]-4,6-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-
     1,3,5-triazine and 0.1% phosphite antioxidant (Ultranox 641) had a melt
     flow index 6.8 g/10 min, vs. 8 g/10 min for a control polycarbonate sample
     without stabilizer, after oven aging at 130.degree..
     pyrimidine dialkylaryl resorcinol light stabilizer polymer; triazine
     dialkylaryl resorcinol light stabilizer polymer
     Discoloration prevention agents
         (antiyellowing; non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl
        aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
IT
     UV stabilizers
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine
        UV light absorbers for incorporating into
        polymers)
IT
     Cosmetics
     Dyes
     Paper
     Photographic films
         (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine
        UV light absorbers for incorporating into
        polymers and other materials)
     Alkyd resins
IT
     Aminoplasts
     Epoxy resins, uses
```

MEDLEY 09/698368

Page 3

95-47-6, o-Xylene, reactions 98-09-9, Benzenesulfonyl chloride TT 98-88-4, Benzoyl chloride 105-39-5, Ethyl chloroacetate 108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions 108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride 23500-79-0 25267-27-0, Iodobutane 25267-31-6, Iodooctane 423177-97-3 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light absorbers for incorporating into polymers) IT 9002-86-2, Polyvinylchloride 9003-08-1, Melamine/formaldehyde resin 9003-17-2, Polybutadiene 9003-35-4, Phenol/formaldehyde copolymer 9003-53-6, Polystyrene 9003-54-7, Styrene acrylonitrile copolymer 9003-56-9, ABS 9004-36-8, Cellulose acetate butyrate 9011-05-6, Urea/formaldehyde copolymer 24936-68-3, Lexan 100, uses 25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile 25037-45-0 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses) (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials) THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT RE (1) Cytec Tech Corp; WO 0014077 A 2000 HCAPLUS ΙT 423177-98-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); PREP (Preparation) (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light absorbers for incorporating into polymers) RN 423177-98-4 HCAPLUS CN Acetic acid, [4-[4,6-bis(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3hydroxyphenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:752426 HCAPLUS

DN 136:151935

TI Influence of polymer matrixes on the photophysical properties of UV absorbers

AU Stein, Martin; Keck, Juergen; Waiblinger, Frank; Fluegge, Anja P.; Kramer, Horst E. A.; Hartschuh, Achim; Port, Helmut; Leppard, David; Rytz, Gerhard

CS Institut fuer Physikalische Chemie, Universitaet Stuttgart, Stuttgart, D-70569, Germany

SO Journal of Physical Chemistry A (2002), 106(10), 2055-2066 CODEN: JPCAFH; ISSN: 1089-5639 American Chemical Society

PB

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DT
     Journal
LA
     English
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 42, 73
AB
     The copolymn. parameters for monomer pairs of the copolymerizable
    UV absorbers MA-TIN 1 (2-[2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-(0-[2-
    hydroxy-3-(2-methylpropenoyloxy)propyl]-2-carbonyloxyethyl)phenyl]benzotri
     azole) and MA-TZ 1 (2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-
     3-[2-methylpropenoyloxy])propoxyphenyl]-1,3,5-triazine) with styrene and
    Me methacrylate were detd. The UV absorbers were
    present to a higher extent in the copolymers than they are when simply
    present as mixts. of monomeric UV absorbers in the
    monomer feed. At higher temps., the radiationless deactivation from the
    excited proton-transferred singlet state becomes more efficient for the
    UV absorbers phys. mixed in the polymer than for the
    resp. polymeric UV absorbers. MA-TZ 1 embedded in
    poly(Me methacrylate) shows an equal increase of phosphorescence intensity
    with UV irradn. time as the decrease of the proton-transferred
     fluorescence. By combining fluorescence and phosphorescence measurements
     it becomes possible to est. the proportion of UV stabilizer mols. with an
    intermol. hydrogen bridge to poly(Me methacrylate) and which are not
     suitable for light protection of polymers at room temp. At low pressure
     and temp., the increase of light-induced phosphorescence was delayed.
    This "phosphorescence induction" phenomenon can be ascribed to the free
     vol. of polymer matrixes in which various UV absorbers
    have been incorporated. The emission spectroscopic results are applicable
    to products which are customary in trade, as shown by investigations on a
     clear coat binder system.
ST
    benzotriazole UV absorber PMMA incorporation
    phosphorescence fluorescence; triazine polymerizable UV
    absorber reactivity ratio
IT
    UV stabilizers
        (effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties of UV
        absorbers)
ΙT
    Pressure
        (effect on phosphorescence of benzotriazole deriv.)
ΙT
    Proton transfer
        (excited-state; in effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties
        of UV absorbers)
ΙT
    Fluorescence
    Free volume
    Hydrogen bond
    Phosphorescence
        (in effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties of UV
        absorbers)
IT
    Activation energy
        (of radiationless deactivation in copolymers of polymerizable
        UV absorbers)
ΙT
    Reactivity ratio in polymerization
        (radical; in polymn. of UV absorber acrylic esters)
TT
     136902-10-8
                   381164-50-7
    RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (UV-absorbing monomer; reactivity ratio in radical
        polymn. with Me methacrylate and styrene)
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene
IT
                             9011-14-7, PMMA
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties of UV
        absorbers)
                                                381164-52-9P
TT
     179693-99-3P 179694-03-2P
                                 381164-51-8P
```

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties of UV absorbers) IT 163350-84-3 RL: PRP (Properties) (model compd.; effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties of UV absorbers) ΙT 80-62-6, Methyl methacrylate 100-42-5, Styrene, properties RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reactivity ratio in radical polymn. with **uv** absorbers) RE.CNT THERE ARE 83 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD 83 RE (1) Arnaut, L; J Photochem Photobiol A: Chem 1996, V100, P15 HCAPLUS (2) Atkinson, D; Eur Polym J 1992, V28, P1569 HCAPLUS (3) Bigger, S; J Photochem Photobiol A: Chem 1987, V40, P391 HCAPLUS (4) Borsig, E; Collect Czech Chem Commun 1989, V54, P996 HCAPLUS (5) Braun, D; Angew Makromol Chem 1994, V221, P187 HCAPLUS (6) Braun, D; Angew Makromol Chem 1995, V233, P121 HCAPLUS (7) Catalan, J; Am Chem Soc 1990, V112, P747 HCAPLUS (8) Catalan, J; J Am Chem Soc 1992, V114, P964 HCAPLUS (9) Catalan, J; J Chem Soc, Faraday Trans 1997, V93, P1691 HCAPLUS (10) Catalan, J; J Photochem Photobiol 1995, V61, P118 HCAPLUS (11) Catalan, J; J Phys Chem A 1998, V102, P323 HCAPLUS (12) Ciba-Geigy Ltd; EP 0434619 A2 HCAPLUS (13) Decker, C; J Polym Sci:A: Polym Chem 1998, V36, P2571 HCAPLUS (14) Fischer, P; Magnet Reson Chem 1997, V35, P839 HCAPLUS (15) Flom, S; Chem Phys Lett 1983, V94, P488 HCAPLUS (16) Foeldes, E; J Appl Polym Sci 1993, V48, P1905 (17) Foeldes, E; Polym Degr Stab 1995, V49, P57 (18) Forster, T; Z Elektrochem 1950, V54, P42 HCAPLUS (19) Goeller, G; J Phys Chem 1988, V92, P1452 HCAPLUS (20) Gormin, D; J Phys Chem 1990, V94, P1185 HCAPLUS (21) Guillet, J; Pure Appl Chem 1977, V49, P249 HCAPLUS (22) Heller, H; Eur Polym J-Suppl 1969, P105 HCAPLUS (23) Heller, H; Pure Appl Chem 1972, V30, P145 HCAPLUS (24) Heller, H; Pure Appl Chem 1973, V36, P141 HCAPLUS (25) Huston, A; J Chem Phys 1982, V76, P4978 HCAPLUS (26) Ikeda, N; J Am Chem Soc 1983, V105, P5206 HCAPLUS (27) Kakitani, T; Prog React Kinet 1995, V20, P347 HCAPLUS (28) Keck, J; J Phys Chem 1996, V100, P14468 HCAPLUS (29) Keck, J; J Phys Chem B 1998, V102, P6975 HCAPLUS (30) Kelen, T; J Macromol Sci-Chem 1975, V9, P1 (31) Kieninger, M; Book of Abstracts, 34th International IUPAC Symposium on Macromolecules 1992, P4

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ΙT
     179693-99-3P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (effect of polymer matrixes on photophys. properties of UV
        absorbers)
RN
     179693-99-3 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-
CN
     triazin-2-y1]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]-2-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with
     ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
         136902-10-8
     CRN
          C32 H33 N3 O5
     CMF
```

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

```
L17 ANSWER 3 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
    2001:661527 HCAPLUS
DN
    135:228291
ΤI
    Manufacture of curable acrylic coatings containing copolymerized UV
    stabilizers
IN
    Sapper, Ekkehard; Baumgart, Hubert
PΑ
    Basf Coatings A.-G., Germany
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
    Patent
LA
    German
IC
    ICM C09D157-12
    ICS B05D007-00
CC
    42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
     -----
PΙ
    WO 2001064803
                     A1
                            20010907
                                          WO 2001-EP2285
                                                           20010301
        W: BR, JP, US
        RW: DE, ES, FR, IT
     DE 10010416
                            20010913
                                          DE 2000-10010416 20000303
                      A1
PRAI DE 2000-10010416 A
                            20000303
GI
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AB Phys.- or thermally- and/or radiation-curable compns. for clear or pigmented coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance comprise .gtoreq.1 (meth)acrylate copolymer contg. .gtoreq.1 polymerizable UV stabilizer built-in as a comonomer into acrylic polymer. For example, a heat-cured solvent-based clear lacquer comprised a mixt. of a tris(alkoxycarbonylamino)triazine crosslinker (alkyl group unspecified) with acrylic acid-Bu methacrylate-2-ethylhexyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate-2-hydroxypropyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer with benzotriazolyl deriv. I.

ST acrylic curable coating polymerizable **UV absorber**benzotriazolyl deriv; UV stabilizer polymerizable benzotriazolyl deriv
acrylic coating; benzotriazolyl hydroxyphenylethyl methacrylate
polymerizable UV stabilizer acrylic coating

IT Coating materials

(UV-resistant; curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd. UV stabilizers)

IT Coating materials

(chem. resistant; curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd. UV stabilizers)

IT UV stabilizers

(polymerizable; curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd.)

IT Polymer degradation

(weathering; curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd. UV stabilizers)

IT 183592-47-4D, tris(alkyl esters)

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

(crosslinking agents; curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd. UV stabilizers)

IT 358974-47-7P 358974-48-8P 358974-49-9P 358974-50-2P 358974-51-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd. UV stabilizers)

RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

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- IT 358974-51-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(curable acrylic coatings with good chem. and weathering resistance contg. copolymd. UV stabilizers)

RN 358974-51-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]-2-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 136902-10-8 CMF C32 H33 N3 O5

CM 2

CRN 2478-10-6 CMF C7 H12 O3

CM 3

CRN 818-61-1 CMF C5 H8 O3

CM 4

CRN 101-43-9 CMF C10 H16 O2

CM 5

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

CM 6

CRN 97-88-1 CMF C8 H14 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2001:28622 HCAPLUS

DN 134:86667

TI Polymer-bonded functional agents

IN Nakamura, Michiei; Yanagimoto, Hiromitsu; Shimanaka, Hiroyuki; Yamashita, Rokuva

PA Dainichiseika Color and Chemicals Mfg. Co. Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C08F008-00 ICS C08G085-00; A61K007-42

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CC
    35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
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                                                           20000704
    EP 1067144
                     A1 20010110
                                          EP 2000-114323
PΙ
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                           JP 1999-193039
     JP 2001019711
                     A2
                                                            19990707
                            20010123
    CN 1280151
                            20010117
                                           CN 2000-120430
                                                            20000707
                      Α
PRAI JP 1999-193039
                      A
                            19990707
    Polymer-bonded functional agents are each obtained by reacting a
     functional agent contg. reactive groups with a polymer contg. groups
    reactive with the reactive groups of the functional agent. The functional
     agent comprises at least one functional agent selected from the group
     consisting of antioxidants, UV absorbers,
     light stabilizers, IR absorbers and antistatic agents.
    Use of these polymer-bonded functional agents can provide articles with
     improved functions.
     functional agent polymer additive
ST
IT
    Optical materials
        (IR absorbers; polymer-bonded functional agents)
ΙT
     IR materials
        (absorbers; polymer-bonded functional agents)
ΤT
    Aminoplasts
    Epoxy resins, preparation
     Polyamides, preparation
     Polyesters, preparation
     Polyethers, preparation
     Polyolefins
     Polysiloxanes, preparation
     Polyureas
     Polyurethanes, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (functional agent-contg.; polymer-bonded functional agents)
IT
    Antioxidants
    Antistatic agents
    Cosmetics
    Light stabilizers
    UV stabilizers
        (polymer-bonded functional agents)
IT
    Acrylic polymers, uses
    Linear low density polyethylenes
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (polymer-bonded functional agents)
TΤ
     9003-08-1P, Melamine resin
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (functional agent-contg.; polymer-bonded functional agents)
IT
     100-37-8DP, Diethylamino-ethanol, reaction products with polymers
     1421-49-4DP, 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoic acid, reaction products
                    2403-88-5DP, 4-Hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine,
     with polymers
     reaction products with polymers 2403-89-6DP, 4-Hydroxy-1,2,2,6,6-
     pentamethylpiperidine, reaction products with polymers
                                                              9010-77-9DP,
     Eth-ylene-acrylic acid copolymer, reaction products with functional agents
     14234-65-2DP, 3-[3'-(2''H-Benzotriazol-2''-yl)-4'-hydroxyphenyl)]propionic
                                             20170-32-5DP, 3-(3',5'-Di-tert-
     acid, reaction products with polymers
     butyl-4'-hydroxyphenyl) propionic acid, reaction products with polymers
     24794-55-6DP, 3-(3'-tert-Butyl-5'-methyl-4'-hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid,
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reaction products with polymers
                                       25067-34-9DP, Ethylene-vinyl alcohol
     copolymer, reaction products with functional agents 85255-59-0P,
    Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer ester with 4-hydroxy-1,2,2,6,6-
    pentamethylpiperidine
                            131807-04-0DP, 1-Octyloxy-4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-
    tetramethylpiperidine, reaction products with polymers
     316829-12-6DP, reaction products with polymers
                                                      317802-85-0P,
    Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer ester with 3-(3',5'-di-tert-butyl-4'-
    hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid 317802-86-1DP, Ethylene-vinyl alcohol
     copolymer ester with 3-(3'-tert-butyl-5'-methyl-4'-hydroxyphenyl)propionic
     acid, reaction products with functional agents
                                                     317802-87-2DP,
    Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer ester with 3,5-di-5-Butyl-4-
    hydroxybenzoic acid, reaction products with functional agents
     317802-88-3P, Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer ester with
     3-[3'-(2''H-benzotriazol-2''-yl)-4'-hydroxyphenyl)]propionic acid
    317802-90-7P, Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer ester with
     2-[4''-[(2'''-chlorocarbonyl-propionyloxy)-3'''-dodecyloxypropoxy]-2''-
    hydroxyphenyl]-4,6-bis(2',4'-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine and
     3-[3'-(2''H-benzotriazol-2''-yl)-4'-hydroxyphenyl)]propionic acid
    317802-91-8P, Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer ester with
     4-Hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine 317802-92-9P, Ethylene-acrylic
    acid copolymer ester with 1-Octyloxy-4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-
    tetramethylpiperidine
                             317802-93-0P, Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer
     ester with diethylaminoethanol
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
    material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymer-bonded functional agents)
TΤ
    74-85-1D, Ethene, polymers with .alpha.-olefins, polymers with
                       9002-88-4, Polyethylene
     .alpha.-olefins
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (polymer-bonded functional agents)
RE.CNT
             THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Allergan Inc; WO 9409042 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(2) Basf Ag; FR 2012439 A 1970 HCAPLUS
(3) Basf Ag; EP 0826362 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(4) Basf Ag; EP 0896006 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(5) Blatz, P; US 3457328 A 1969
(6) Ciba Apecialty Chemicals Holding Inc; WO 9818830 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(7) Ciba-Geigy Ag; FR 2644790 A 1990 HCAPLUS
(8) Diveley, W; US 4520171 A 1985 HCAPLUS
(9) Eastman Kodak Company; EP 0641805 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(10) Keller, H; US 5869099 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(11) Minnesota Mining And Manufacturing Company; WO 9849207 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(12) Mitsui Petrochemical Industries Ltd; FR 2093447 A 1972 HCAPLUS
(13) Pennwalt Corporation; EP 0303281 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(14) Pennwalt Corporation; EP 0303986 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(15) Pennwalt Corporation; EP 0303988 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(16) Pennwal't Corporation; EP 0306729 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(17) Sovak, M; US 5487885 A 1996 HCAPLUS
    316829-12-6DP, reaction products with polymers
ΙT
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
    material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymer-bonded functional agents)
RN
     316829-12-6 HCAPLUS
     Propanoic acid, 3-chloro-2-methyl-3-oxo-, 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-
CN
     dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]-1-
     [(dodecyloxy)methyl]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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L17
    ANSWER 5 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     2000:175844 HCAPLUS
     132:223867
DN
ΤI
     Light-stable chromophore system
     Eldin, Sameer
IN
PΑ
     Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
     PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
IC
     ICM C08F008-30
     ICS G03C001-815
CC
     42-2 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
                            _____
ΡI
     WO 2000014126
                       Α1
                            20000316
                                           WO 1999-EP6323
                                                            19990827
            AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
             CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
             IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD,
             MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK,
             SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
                     GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
             CI, CM,
     AU 9958560
                       Α1
                            20000327
                                           AU 1999-58560
                                                            19990827
PRAI CH 1998-1845
                            19980909
                       Α
                       W
                            19990827
     WO 1999-EP6323
     The system contains the following in the order given: (a) a chromophore
AB
     layer (i.e., a pigmented polymer layer or a layer of a polymer contg.
     copolymd. dye residues), (b) a light protection agent layer, (c) an oxygen
     barrier layer, and (d) optionally a polymer which forms a protective layer
     of varnish (i.e., a clearcoat). Such systems provide improved
     lightfastness of, e.g., automobile finishes or photog. prints.
                                                                      The a and
     b layers may comprise poly(vinyl alc.) etherified or esterified with a
     colorant and with a light stabilizer, resp.
     multilayer coating light resistance; automobile finish weather resistance;
ST
     photog print fading resistance
ΙT
     Coating materials
        (protection of colored layers against light and air)
ΙT
     260999-23-3P, Adipic acid-2,4-bis(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-6-mesityl-
     1,3,5-triazine-Cymel 301-dimethylolpropionic acid-glycidyl
     methacrylate-12-hydroxystearic acid-isophthalic acid-methacrylic
     acid-methyl methacrylate-neopentyl glycol-trimethylolpropane copolymer
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261162-18-9P, Laromer EA 81-Laromer PE 55F-2,4,6-tris[2-hydroxy-4-(3-
    butoxy-2-hydroxypropoxy)phenyl]-s-triazine acrylate copolymer
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
    material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (UV absorber layer; protection of colored layers
       against light and air)
IT
    220254-30-8P, 2,5-Bis(6-acryloyloxyhexyl)-2,5-dihydro-3,6-
    diphenylpyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,4-dione-Laromer EA 81 copolymer
    260999-24-4P, Adipic acid-2,5-dihydro-2,5-bis(6-hydroxyhexyl)-3,6-
    diphenylpyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole-1,4-dione-dimethylolpropionic
    acid-formaldehyde-glycidyl methacrylate-12-hydroxystearic acid-isophthalic
    acid-melamine-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-neopentyl
    glycol-trimethylolpropane copolymer
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (colored layer; protection of colored layers against light and air)
    261162-15-6P, Mowiol 4-98 [2-(methacryloyloxy)ethyl]carbamate
ΤT
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (oxygen barrier layer; protection of colored layers against light and
ΙT
    260999-21-1P, Adipic acid-2,4-bis(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-6-mesityl-
    1,3,5-triazine-dimethylolpropionic acid-glycidyl methacrylate-12-
    hydroxystearic acid-isophthalic acid-methacrylic acid-methyl
    methacrylate-neopentyl glycol-trimethylolpropane copolymer
                                                                  260999-22-2P.
    Adipic acid-2,5-dihydro-2,5-bis(6-hydroxyhexyl)-3,6-diphenylpyrrolo[3,4-
    c]pyrrole-1,4-dione-dimethylolpropionic acid-glycidyl methacrylate-12-
    hydroxystearic acid-isophthalic acid-methacrylic acid-methyl
    methacrylate-neopentyl glycol-trimethylolpropane copolymer
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (protection of colored layers against light and air)
ΙT
    148236-55-9P, 2,4,6-Tris[2-hydroxy-4-(3-butoxy-2-hydroxypropoxy)phenyl]-s-
    triazine
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (protection of colored layers against light and air)
TT
    814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride 2125-23-7, 2,4,6-Tris(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-s-
                2426-08-6, Butyl glycidyl ether 5292-43-3, tert-Butyl
    triazine
                    194029-69-1
    bromoacetate
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (protection of colored layers against light and air)
ΙT
    260999-26-6P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (protection of colored layers against light and air)
IT
    260999-25-5P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (protection of colored layers against light and air)
IT
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, processes
    RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
        (substrate; protection of colored layers against light and air)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Agfa-Gevaert Ag; EP 0010225 A 1980 HCAPLUS
(2) Autotype International Ltd; EP 0249306 A 1987 HCAPLUS
(3) Winter, R; US 5554760 A 1996 HCAPLUS
    260999-23-3P, Adipic acid-2,4-bis(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-6-mesityl-
IT
     1,3,5-triazine-Cymel 301-dimethylolpropionic acid-glycidyl
    methacrylate-12-hydroxystearic acid-isophthalic acid-methacrylic
     acid-methyl methacrylate-neopentyl glycol-trimethylolpropane copolymer
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RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(UV absorber layer; protection of colored layers against light and air)

260999-23-3 HCAPLUS RN

1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol, formaldehyde, hexanedioic acid, 3-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methylpropanoic acid, 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine and 4,4'-[6-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl]bis[1,3benzenediol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 176225-63-1 C24 H21 N3 O4 CMF

CM 2

CRN 4767-03-7 CMF C5 H10 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{HO-CH}_2\text{--C-CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--OH} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 126-30-7 CMF C5 H12 O2

CM 4

CRN 124-04-9 CMF C6 H10 O4

 $HO_2C-(CH_2)_4-CO_2H$

CM 5

CRN 121-91-5 CMF C8 H6 O4

CM 6

CRN 108-78-1 CMF C3 H6 N6

CM 7

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 8

CRN 106-14-9 CMF C18 H36 O3

$$^{\rm OH}_{\rm |}$$
 $^{\rm CH=\,(CH_2)_{\,10}-\,CO_2H}$

CM 9

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 10

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 11

CRN 77-99-6 CMF C6 H14 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \\ \mid \\ \text{HO-CH}_2-\text{C-Et} \\ \mid \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \end{array}$$

CM 12

CRN 50-00-0 CMF C H2 O

H2C=0

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2000:175799 HCAPLUS

DN 132:208726

TI Process for making 2-hydroxy-4-alkoxyphenyl- or 2,4-dihydroxyphenyl-substituted 1,3,5-triazine UV absorbers

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Gupta, Ram B.; Jakiela, Dennis J.; Venimadhavan, Sampath; Cappadona,
IN
     Russell C.; Pai, Venkatrao K.
PA
     Cytec Technology Corp., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C07D251-24
     ICS C07D251-22; C07D251-20
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 28
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
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PΙ
     WO 2000014074
                     A1 7 20000316
                                           WO 1999-US19657 19990901
         W: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO,
             RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU,
             ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9957892
                       A1
                            20000327
                                           AU 1999-57892
                                                             19990901
     BR 9914480
                       Α
                            20010626
                                           BR 1999-14480
                                                             19990901
                                                             19990901
     EP 1109793
                       Α1
                            20010627
                                           EP 1999-945255
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
PRAI US 1998-99220P
                       Ρ
                            19980904
     WO 1999-US19657
                       W
                            19990901
OS
     MARPAT 132:208726
AB
     Mixts. contg. .gtoreq.1 of the title triazine derivs., useful for
     UV absorbers for polymers, are manufd. by reaction
     cyanuric halide with benzene derivs. having .gtoreq.1 H atom and 2 groups
     selected from OH, ether, or acyloxy and then with benzene derivs. having
     groups not contg. O atoms attached to the benzene ring. Optionally, the
     product from the 1st step is isolated before the 2nd step. Thus, stirring
     a mixt. contg. 1.84 g cyanuric chloride and 0.55 g resorcinol in 25 mL
     PhCl 2 h at room temp. and 3 h at 30.degree. in the presence of AlCl3,
     stirring a mixt. contg. 256 mg isolated 2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-
     dichloro-1,3,5-triazine intermediate, 5 mL m-xylene, and 200 mg AlCl3 7.5
     h, adding 5 mL m-xylene, and stirring an addnl. 9 h gave
     2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine.
     hydroxyalkoxyphenyltriazine UV absorber manuf;
ST
     dihydroxyphenyltriazine UV absorber manuf
IT
     UV stabilizers
        (manuf. of hydroxyalkoxyphenyl- or dihydroxyphenyl-substituted triazine
        UV absorbers)
IT
     1853-82-3P, 2.4-Bis(2.4-dihydroxyphenyl)-6-chloro-1.3.5-triazine
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (byproduct; manuf. of hydroxyalkoxyphenyl- or dihydroxyphenyl-
        substituted triazine UV absorbers)
IT
     150238-76-9P, 4,6-Dichloro-2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine
     260781-84-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; manuf. of hydroxyalkoxyphenyl- or dihydroxyphenyl-
        substituted triazine UV absorbers)
     1668-53-7P 1820-28-6P 2725-22-6P 13681-75-9P
IT
     25023-99-8P
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RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manuf. of hydroxyalkoxyphenyl- or dihydroxyphenyl-substituted triazine UV absorbers)

IT 108-38-3, reactions 108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, reactions 108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride 150-19-6, 3-Methoxyphenol 34380-89-7, Resorcinol monooctyl ether 50739-54-3, 1,3-Dioctyloxybenzene RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manuf. of hydroxyalkoxyphenyl- or dihydroxyphenyl-substituted triazine
UV absorbers)

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Asahi Denka Kogyo Kk; JP 09059263 A 1997 HCAPLUS
- (2) Brunetti, H; HELVETICA CHIMICA ACTA 1972, V55(5), P1566 HCAPLUS
- (3) Ciba; DE 1169947 B 1964
- (4) Ciba Geigy; EP 0779280 A 1997 HCAPLUS
- (5) Duennenberger; US 3244708 A 1966
- (6) Duennenberger; US 3270016 A 1966
- (7) Horikoshi, Y; NIPPON KAGAKU KAISHI 1974, 3, P530 HCAPLUS
- (8) Modi, B; J INST CHEM (INDIA) 1993, V65(5), P174 HCAPLUS
- (9) Nissan Chemical Industries Ltd; JP 60260502 A 1985 HCAPLUS
- IT 1668-53-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manuf. of hydroxyalkoxyphenyl- or dihydroxyphenyl-substituted triazine
UV absorbers)

RN 1668-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L17 ANSWER 7 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1999:819374 HCAPLUS
- DN 132:65418
- TI Aminoplast-anchored triaryl-triazine UV absorber
- IN Jakiela, Dennis J.; Gupta, Ram B.; Sassi, Thomas P.; Haacke, Gottfried
- PA Cytec Technology Corp., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- IC ICM C07D487-04

ICS C08K005-34; C08K005-3492

CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

FAN.CNT 1

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PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                          _____
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                                                          -----
                     A1 19991229 WO 1998-US24879 19981120
    WO 9967246
PΙ
        W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, GH,
            GM, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SG, SI, SK,
             SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
            MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                           19990730
     ZA 9810599
                                          ZA 1998-10599
                                                           19981119
                     Α
    AU 9915961
                      A1
                           20000110
                                          AU 1999-15961
                                                           19981120
    BR 9815916
                           20010220
                                          BR 1998-15916
                      Α
                                                           19981120
                     A1
                                          EP 1998-960345
    EP 1090002
                          20010411
                                                           19981120
        R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
     JP 2002518556 T2 20020625
                                          JP 2000-555899
                                                           19981120
PRAI US 1998-90262P
                      P
                           19980622
                     W
    WO 1998-US24879
                           19981120
    A novel class of UV absorbers, ortho-hydroxyphenyl-
AB
    substituted triazine compds. bonded to aminoplast resins is provided.
    Compared to unanchored stabilizers, the anchored stabilizers disclosed
    herein have increased compatibility with coating resins and have reduced
    volatility due to higher mol. wts. resulting from anchoring. The anchored
    stabilizers are manufd. by the reaction of triazines contg. active
    hydrogen with alkoxymethylated aminoplasts in the presence of a catalytic
    amt. of acid. The novel ortho-hydroxyphenyl substituted triazine compds.
    are bound to the aminoplast resins by carbon-oxygen, carbon-carbamoyl
    nitrogen or carbon-active methylene carbon linkages. The aminoplasts
     include alkoxymethylated derivs. of glycolurils, melamines, and
    urea-formaldehyde resins. A typical UV absorber was
    manufd. by reaction of 10 g 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-
    hydroxyethoxy)phenyl]-1,3,5-triazine 11 h at 133-134.degree. with 8.64 g
    Cymel 300 in PhCl in the presence ot p-toluenesulfonic acid.
    aminoplast adduct triaryltriazine UV absorber coating;
ST
    melamine resin adduct bisdimethylphenylhydroxyethoxyphenyltriazine
    UV absorber manuf
IT
    Coating materials
    UV stabilizers
        (aminoplast-anchored triaryltriazine UV absorbers
        for coatings)
IT
    Aminoplasts
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (reaction products with triaryltriazines; aminoplast-anchored
        triaryltriazine UV absorbers for coatings)
IT
    Aminoplasts
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (reaction products, with triaryltriazines; aminoplast-anchored
        triaryltriazine UV absorbers for coatings)
TΤ
     1440-08-0DP, reaction products with aminoplasts
                                                      9003-08-1DP
     Cymel 300, reaction products with triaryltriazines 143695-85-6DP.
     , reaction products with aminoplasts 225529-70-4DP, reaction
     products with aminoplasts 225529-74-8DP, reaction products with
     aminoplasts 225529-89-5DP, reaction products with aminoplasts
     225782-08-1DP, reaction products with aminoplasts
     253158-25-7DP, reaction products with aminoplasts
     253158-26-8DP, reaction products with aminoplasts
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
```

use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (aminoplast-anchored triaryltriazine UV absorbers for coatings) 201341-52-8, Cymel 303-Joncryl 510 copolymer IT RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (aminoplast-anchored triaryltriazine UV absorbers for coatings) RE.CNT THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD 12 RE (1) AGFA Gevaert AG; DE 19619946 A 1997 HCAPLUS (2) American Cyanamid Co; EP 0483488 A 1992 HCAPLUS (3) American Cyanamid Co; EP 0604980 A 1994 HCAPLUS (4) American Cyanamid Co; WO 9414864 A 1994 HCAPLUS (5) Ciba Geigy AG; DE 2113833 A 1971 HCAPLUS (6) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0434608 A 1991 HCAPLUS (7) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0530135 A 1993 HCAPLUS (8) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0706083 A 1996 HCAPLUS (9) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0711804 A 1996 HCAPLUS (10) Ciba Geigy AG; DE 19739797 A 1998 HCAPLUS (11) Stevenson, T; WO 9418278 A 1994 HCAPLUS (12) Toan, V; WO 9803489 A 1998 HCAPLUS IT 1440-08-ODP, reaction products with aminoplasts RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (aminoplast-anchored triaryltriazine UV absorbers for coatings) RN 1440-08-0 HCAPLUS Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-(2-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,5-(2-bis(2,4-dimethylphenylpCN hydroxyethoxy) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 8 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1999:819358 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 132:64951 TΙ Poly-trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine carbamate ultraviolet light absorbers ΙN Gupta, Ram B.; Jakiela, Dennis J. PA Cytec Technology Corp., USA SO PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LA English

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MEDLEY 09/698368
                    Page 24
     ICM C07D251-24
ΙÇ
     ICS C08K005-3492; G03C001-73; A61K007-42
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 28, 42
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
                            19991229
     WO 9967227
PT
                       Α1
                                           WO 1999-US13826 19990618
         W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE,
             GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
             LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9946956
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                            20000110
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                                                             19990618
     BR 9911416
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                       Α
                                            BR 1999-11416
                                                             19990618
     EP 1089986
                            20010411
                                           EP 1999-930409
                       A1
                                                             19990618
            BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
     US 6306939
                       В1
                            20011023
                                           US 1999-335787
                                                             19990618
     JP 2002518489
                       T2
                            20020625
                                           JP 2000-555881
                                                             19990618
PRAI US 1998-90249P
                       Р
                            19980622
     WO 1999-US13826
                       W
                            19990618
AB
     The compds. are particularly useful, either alone or in combination with
     other additives, including other UV light
     absorbers and stabilizers, in stabilizing a polymeric film or
     molded article from degrdn. due to exposure to actinic radiation.
     compds. are useful for thermoplastics (e.g., polycarboantes), and acrylic
     polyurethane coatings.
     triazine carbamate actinic radiation stabilizer; thermoplastic UV
ST
     absorber triazine carbamate; polycarbonate UV
     absorber triazine carbamate; clear coating acrylic polyurethane UV
     stabilizer
TT-
     Polyurethanes, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic, coatings; polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV
        light absorbers)
IT
     UV stabilizers
        (polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light
        absorbers)
IT
     Polyketones
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light
        absorbers)
IT
     Polycarbonates, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light
        absorbers)
IT
     Plastics, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (thermoplastics; polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV
        light absorbers)
IT
     Coating materials
        (transparent; polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV
        light absorbers)
ΙT
     Coating materials
        (weather-resistant; polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV
```

light absorbers)

IT 225529-96-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (coatings; polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as **UV**

light absorbers)

IT 253141-69-4P 253141-71-8P 253141-73-0P

253141-75-2P 253141-76-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive

use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light

absorbers)

IT 24936-68-3, Lexan 105, properties 25037-45-0, Bisphenol A-carbonic acid copolymer

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light

absorbers)

IT 1440-08-0 2778-42-9 130203-60-0 143695-85-6 225782-04-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light)

absorbers)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

(1) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0434619 A 1991 HCAPLUS

(2) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0693483 A 1996 HCAPLUS

(3) Toan, V; WO 9803489 A 1998 HCAPLUS

IT 253141-69-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive

use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polytrisaryl triazine carbamates as UV light

absorbers)

RN 253141-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [6-[[[6-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]hexyl]oxy]carbonyl]amino]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl]bis-, diphenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me Me N N N NH-C-OPh O-(CH2)
$$6-O-C-NH-N N NH-C-OPh$$
 O PhO-C-NH

L17 ANSWER 9 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:819355 HCAPLUS

DN 132:64949

TI Red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine ultraviolet light

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absorbers
     Gupta, Ram B.; Jakiela, Dennis J.
IN
PA
     Cytec Technology Corp., USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 124 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C07D251-24
         C08K005-3492; G03C001-73; A61K007-42
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
PΙ
     WO 9967224
                      A1
                            19991229
                                           WO 1999-US13707 19990617
         W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE,
             GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
             LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
                    GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    CA 2336246
                       AΑ
                            19991229
                                           CA 1999-2336246
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                       A1
                            20000110
                                           AU 1999-46918
                                                             19990617
     BR 9911432
                       Α
                            20010320
                                           BR 1999-11432
                                                             19990617
    EP 1089985
                      A1
                            20010411
                                           EP 1999-930365
                                                             19990617
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE
     JP 2002518486
                       T2
                            20020625
                                           JP 2000-555878
                                                            19990617
     US 6348591
                       В1
                            20020219
                                           US 1999-335883
                                                             19990618
PRAI US 1998-90261P
                       Р
                            19980622
    WO 1999-US13707
                       W
                            19990617
OS
    MARPAT 132:64949
    This invention relates generally to red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazines
AΒ
    and the use thereof to protect against degrdn. by environmental forces,
     inclusive of UV light, actinic radiation, oxidn., moisture, atm.
    pollutants and combinations thereof. The new class of
     trisaryl-1,3,5-triazines comprises an aryl ring attached to the triazine
    ring [and preferably an aryl ring contg. a hydroxyl group, either free or
    blocked to form a latent stabilizer, ortho- to the point of attachment to
    the triazine ring (2-position) and a hydroxyl group or a moiety joined by
    an ether linkage para- to the point of attachment to the triazine ring
     (4-position)] substituted at the 3-position or disubstituted at the 3- and
     5-positions with a group comprising an amide and/or an amine. These
    materials may be incorporated into formulations comprising coatings,
    polymers, resins, org. compds. and the like. A method for stabilizing a
    material by incorporating such red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazines is
    also disclosed.
ST
    red shifted trisaryltriazine UV stabilizer
IT
     Polyimides, properties
     Polyimides, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide-; red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV
        light absorbers)
ΙT
     Polyimides, properties
     Polyimides, properties
     Polysulfones, properties
     Polysulfones, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polyether-; red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV
        light absorbers)
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MEDLEY 09/698368
                    Page 27
TΤ
     Polyamides, properties
     Polyamides, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polyimide-; red-shifted trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV
        light absorbers)
IT
     Polyethers, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polysulfone-; red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV
        light absorbers)
ΙT
     Cosmetics
     Dyes
     Inks
     Paper
     Photographic paper
     UV stabilizers
        (red-shifted trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light
        absorbers)
ΙT
     Alkyd resins
     Aminoplasts
     Epoxy resins, properties
     Natural rubber, properties
     Phenolic resins, properties
     Polyamides, properties
     Polycarbonates, properties
     Polyesters, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     Polyimides, properties
     Polyketones
     Polyolefins
     Polyoxymethylenes, properties
     Polyoxyphenylenes
     Polysiloxanes, properties
     Polysulfones, properties
     Polythiophenylenes
     Polyurethanes, properties
     Synthetic rubber, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers)
IT
     100-42-5D, Styrene, polymers
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (high-impact; red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV
        light absorbers)
TT
     253141-28-5P 253141-32-1P 253141-35-4P
     253141-38-7P 253141-41-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (red-shifted trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light
        absorbers)
IT
     9002-86-2, Polyvinylchloride
                                     9003-08-1, Formaldehyde melamine copolymer
                                 9003-35-4, Formaldehyde phenol copolymer
     9003-17-2, Polybutadiene
                                                9003-56-9, ABS
                              9003-54-7, SAN
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene
                                                                 9004-36-8,
                                   9011-05-6, Formaldehyde urea copolymer
     Cellulose acetate butyrate
     25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (red-shifted trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light
        absorbers)
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MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 28
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IT 50-00-0, Formaldehyde, reactions 124-02-7, Diallylamine 629-27-6, 1-Iodooctane 1668-53-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (red-shifted trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light absorbers) RE.CNT THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD 3 RE (1) Birbaum, J; US 5189084 A 1993 HCAPLUS (2) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0603130 A 1994 HCAPLUS (3) Ciba Geigy AG; EP 0704437 A 1996 HCAPLUS IT 253141-28-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (red-shifted trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light absorbers) 253141-28-5 HCAPLUS RN 1, 3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-2-[(di-CN 2-propenylamino)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 10 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L17 ΑN 1999:819354 HCAPLUS DN 132:64948 TITrisaryl-1,3,5-triazine ultraviolet light absorbers containing hindered phenols ΙN Gupta, Ram B.; Jakiela, Dennis J. PΑ Cytec Technology Corp., USA SO PCT Int. Appl., 101 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent LA English IC ICM C07D251-00 CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ WO 9967223 A2 19991229 WO 1999-US12758 19990607 WO 9967223 A3 20000302 AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD,

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SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9944255
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     BR 9911448
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                                           BR 1999-11448
                                                             19990607
                            20010404
                                           EP 1999-927321
     EP 1087947
                       A2
                                                             19990607
         R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
                            20020625
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                       R
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                       В1
                            20010529
                                           US 1999-335873
                                                             19990618
                            19980622
PRAI US 1998-90259P
                       Ρ
                       W
                            19990607
     WO 1999-US12758
OS
     MARPAT 132:64948
     This invention relates generally to hindered phenol-substituted triazines
AB
     and the use thereof to protect materials such as coatings, polymers,
     resins, org. compds. and the like against degrdn. by environmental forces,
     inclusive of UV light, actinic radiation, oxidn., moisture, atm.
     pollutants and combinations thereof. The new class of hindered
     phenol-substituted triazines includes a trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine in which
     one of the aryl groups is substituted by a group which comprises a
     hindered phenol or is a hindered phenol and is further substituted by a
     hydroxyl group, either free or blocked to form a latent stabilizer, ortho-
     to the point of attachment to the triazine. These materials may, under
     the appropriate circumstances, form oligomers. A method for stabilizing a
     material by incorporating such hindered phenol-substituted triazines is
     also disclosed.
ST
     hindered phenol trisaryl triazine UV stabilizer
ΙT
     Dyes
        (org.; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     Polyimides, properties
     Polyimides, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide-; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     Polyimides, properties
     Polyimides, properties
     Polysulfones, properties
     Polysulfones, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polyether-; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     Polyamides, properties
     Polyamides, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polyimide-; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     Polyethers, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (polysulfone-; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     Plastics, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (thermoplastics; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
```

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MEDLEY 09/698368
                    Page 30
     Cosmetics
IT
     Inks
     Paper
     Photographic paper
     UV stabilizers
        (trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light absorbers
        contg. hindered phenols)
     Alkyd resins
ΙT
     Aminoplasts
     Epoxy resins, properties
     Natural rubber, properties
     Phenolic resins, properties
     Polyamides, properties
     Polycarbonates, properties
     Polyesters, properties
     Polyethers, properties
     Polyimides, properties
     Polyketones
     Polyolefins
     Polyoxymethylenes, properties
     Polyoxyphenylenes
     Polysiloxanes, properties
     Polysulfones, properties
     Polythiophenylenes
     Polyurethanes, properties
     Synthetic rubber, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light absorbers
        contg. hindered phenols)
     100-42-5D, Styrene, polymers
TΤ
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (high-impact; trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light
        absorbers contg. hindered phenols)
     253137-69-8P 253137-71-2P
TΤ
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light absorbers
        contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     253137-70-1P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light absorbers
        contq. hindered phenols)
                                     9003-08-1, Formaldehyde melamine copolymer
TΤ
     9002-86-2, Polyvinylchloride
                                9003-35-4, Formaldehyde phenol copolymer
     9003-17-2, Polybutadiene
                              9003-54-7, SAN polymer
                                                       9003-56-9, ABS
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene
     9004-36-8, Cellulose acetate butyrate
                                              9011-05-6, Formaldehyde urea
                25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile
     copolymer
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light absorbers
        contg. hindered phenols)
                1421-49-4, 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoic acid
IT
     110-52-1
                                                                      1668-53-7
     23500-79-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (trisaryl-1,3,5-triazine UV light absorbers
        contg. hindered phenols)
IT
     253137-69-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine UV light absorbers
```

contg. hindered phenols)

RN 253137-69-8 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3-[[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]methyl]-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 11 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:597468 HCAPLUS

DN 131:200855

TI Preparation of 2,4-diaryl-6-o-hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivatives as light stabilizers

IN Stevenson, Tyler Arthur; Ackerman, Michael; Hayoz, Pascal; Meuwly, Roger; Oswald, John Francis; Schregenberger, Christian

PA Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D251-24

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN.CNT 1

- 1	mi. On I																
	PATE	PATENT NO.			ND.	DATE			AF	PLIC	CATIO	ON NC	ο.	DATE			
																	
ΡI	EP 9	EP 941989 A			2	19990915		EP 1999-810156					19990222				
	EP 9	41989		A3	3	20000	0112										
	1	R: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO										
	CN 1	232823		Α		1999:	1027		CN	199	99-10	0315	6	19990	0302		
	JP 1:	1315072		A2	2	1999	1116		JE	199	99-5	4443		19990	0302		
	US 6	242598		В1	1	2001	0605		US	200	00-5	3222	2	20000	322		
ΡF	RAI US 1	998-332	66	Α		1998	0302										
~ ~		MADDAD 101.0000FF															

OS MARPAT 131:200855

AB The title triazines are prepd. in the following three steps (starting with cyanuric halide or corresponding phenoxy- or alkoxy-substituted triazine): the nucleophilic displacement of one or two leaving groups in the triazine with a phenolic moiety; a Friedel-Crafts reaction using a Lewis acid catalyst (preferably aluminum chloride) to replace the remaining leaving group(s) with aryl groups such as xylyl; and finally replacing the phenolic moiety with a phenol such as resorcinol using preferably a protic acid catalyst or a combination of a Lewis acid and a protic acid catalyst. Alternatively, step 3 may be performed alone, e.g. starting from materials

from other processes, or leading directly to a tris(hydroxyphenyl)-s-triazine. The s-triazines prepd. are useful as **UV** absorbers for the stabilization of org. substrates against the adverse effects of actinic light.

ST hydroxyphenyl triazine light stabilizers

IT Light stabilizers

(Prepn. of 2,4-diaryl-6-o-hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivs. as light stabilizers)

TT 71-23-8, n-Propanol, reactions 108-38-3, reactions 108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions 108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride 1237-53-2 3842-55-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (Prepn. of 2,4-diaryl-6-o-hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivs. as light
 stabilizers)

IT **1668-53-7P** 2125-23-7P 2125-25-9P 2972-65-8P 24317-39-3P 38369-95-8P **176225-63-1P** 242143-64-2P 242143-65-3P 242143-66-4P 242143-67-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (Prepn. of 2,4-diaryl-6-o-hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivs. as light stabilizers)

IT 1668-53-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (Prepn. of 2,4-diaryl-6-o-hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivs. as light stabilizers)

RN 1668-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 12 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:355765 HCAPLUS

DN 131:6605

TI Triaryl-1,3,5-triazine ultraviolet light

absorbers

IN Gupta, Ram B.; Jakiela, Dennis J.; Haacke, Gottfried; Sassi, Thomas P.

PA Cytec Technology Corp., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D251-24 ICS C08K005-3492

CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
 Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN.CNT 1

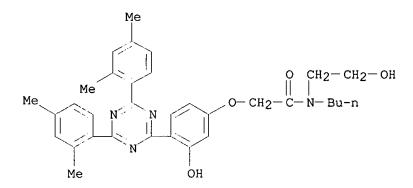
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE						
PI	W: AL, AM, GM, HU, LV, MD, SL, TJ,	AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	WO 1998-US24698 19981120 BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, GH, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SG, SI, SK, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,						
	RW: GH, GM, FI, FR,	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,	UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,						
	ZA 9810605 CA 2311538 AU 9915925 AU 748175	AA 19990603 A1 19990615 B2 20020530	ZA 1998-10605 19981119 CA 1998-2311538 19981120 AU 1999-15925 19981120 EP 1998-960289 19981120						
	R: AT, BE,		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,						
	US 1997-66357P US 1998-197747 WO 1998-US24698	B1 20010724 T2 20011204 A 20000714 A1 20011101 B2 20020402 P 19971121 A3 19981120 W 19981120	US 1998-197747 19981120 JP 2000-522093 19981120 NO 2000-2161 20000427						
OS GI	MARPAT 131:6605								

AB Amido- or carbamate-substituted triaryl-1,3,5-triazines can be used to protect against degrdn. by environmental forces, inclusive of UV light, actinic radiation, oxidn., moisture, atm. pollutants, and combinations thereof. The class of triaryl-1,3,5-triazines comprises an aryl ring attached to the triazine ring (and preferably an aryl ring contg. a hydroxyl group, either free or blocked to form a latent stabilizer, ortho to the point of attachment to the triazine ring) substituted with a group comprising a bondable amido/carbamate-contg. group para to the point of attachment to the triazine ring. These materials may, under the appropriate circumstances, be bonded to formulations comprising coatings,

Ι

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polymers, resins, org. compds., etc., via reaction of the bondable
    functionality with the materials of the formulation. Thus, triazine I (R
    = OH) was etherified with ClCH2CO2Et and the product was amidated with
    BuNHCH2CH2OH to give I (R = OCH2CONBuCH2CH2OH) (II). When an
    acrylic-melamine resin compn. contg. 3% II was coated on a molded plastic
    article and cured 30 min at 135.degree., little migration of II into the
    plastic substrate occurred, compared with substantial (63%) migration when
    II was replaced by Cyagard UV 1164L.
ST
    aryltriazine UV absorber coating stabilizer; amide
    deriv triaryltriazine UV absorber; carbamate deriv
    triaryltriazine UV absorber
ΙT
    Polyurethanes, uses
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic; prepn. of nonmigrating triaryltriazine UV
        light absorbers for coatings based on)
ΙT
    Polyester rubber
    Synthetic rubber, miscellaneous
    RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (butanediol-polytetramethylene glycol-terephthalic acid, block, block,
        substrate, Hytrel DYM 100; prepn. of triaryltriazine UV
        light absorbers which do not migrate from coatings
        into)
IT
    Polyester rubber
    RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (butanediol-polytetramethylene glycol-terephthalic acid, block,
        substrate, Hytrel DYM 100; prepn. of triaryltriazine UV
        light absorbers which do not migrate from coatings
        into)
ΙT
    UV stabilizers
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers)
    Coating materials
IT
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers for)
                   225529-96-4
TT
    201341-52-8
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of nonmigrating triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers for coatings based on)
TT
    225782-04-7P
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or
    reagent); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers)
ΙT
    225529-89-5P 225782-03-6P 225782-05-8P
    225782-06-9P 225782-07-0P 225782-08-1P
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
    PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers)
    105-39-5, Ethyl chloroacetate 110-73-6, 2-(Ethylamino)ethanol 111-42-2, reactions 111-75-1, 2-(Butylamino)ethanol 598-55-6
ΙT
                                                               598-55-0, Methyl
    carbamate
                 1440-08-0
                            1668-53-7, 2-(2,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-(2,4-
     dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine
                                       2094-99-7, m-Isopropenylcumyl isocyanate
     143695-85-6
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers)
     1909-41-7P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
```

```
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers)
IT
     154765-41-0, Joncryl CDX 588
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers compatible with)
IT
     106159-00-6, Butanediol-polytetramethylene glycol-terephthalic acid block
     copolymer
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (rubber, substrate; prepn. of triaryltriazine UV
        light absorbers which do not migrate from coatings
        into)
RE.CNT 5
              THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Birbaum; US 5189084 A 1993 HCAPLUS
(2) Ciba-Geigy; EP 0434608 A 1991 HCAPLUS
(3) Ciba-Geigy; EP 0693483 A 1996 HCAPLUS
(4) Huber; US 3423360 A 1969
(5) Migdal; US 4962142 A 1990 HCAPLUS
ΙT
    225782-04-7P
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
    PREP (Preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant
    or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of triaryltriazine UV light
        absorbers)
RN
     225782-04-7 HCAPLUS
    Acetamide, 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-
CN
    hydroxyphenoxy]-N-butyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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L17
     ANSWER 13 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1999:355764 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     131:6604
     Trisaryl-1, 3, 5-triazine ultraviolet light
TΙ
     absorbers
IN
     Gupta, Ram B.; Jakiela, Dennis J.; Haacke, Gottfried
PA
     Cytec Technology Corp., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM
         C07D251-24
          C08K005-3492
CC
     42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
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Section cross-reference(s): 37
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                      ____
                           _____
                                          -----
                                          WO 1998-US24697 19981120
ΡI
     WO 9926934
                     A1 19990603
         W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, GH,
             GM, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SG, SI, SK,
             SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF; BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     ZA 9810604
                            19990525
                                          ZA 1998-10604
                                                           19981119
                      Α
     US 6242597
                            20010605
                      В1
                                           US 1998-195830
                                                            19981119
                            19990603
                                          CA 1998-2310793
                                                           19981120
     CA 2310793
                      AΑ
                                          AU 1999-15924
     AU 9915924
                      A1
                            19990615
                                                           19981120
     AU 748201
                            20020530
                      B2
                            20000906
                                           EP 1998-960288
     EP 1032563
                      A1
                                                           19981120
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     BR 9814224
                            20001003
                                           BR 1998-14224
                      Α
                                                            19981120
     TW 432054
                       В
                            20010501
                                           TW 1998-87119272 19981120
                            20011204
                                           JP 2000-522092
     JP 2001524473
                      Т2
                                                           19981120
     NO 2000002160
                            20000719
                                          NO 2000-2160
                                                           20000427
                      Α
     US 2001031866
                      A1
                            20011018
                                          US 2001-832613
                                                           20010411
     US 6355708
                      B2
                            20020312
PRAI US 1997-66358P
                      Р
                            19971121
                      A3
     US 1998-195830
                            19981119
                     W
     WO 1998-US24697
                            19981120
OS
     MARPAT 131:6604
AΒ
     Bondable trisaryl-1,3,5-triazines contg. active (acidic) hydrocarbons are
     prepd. and used as UV light absorbers. The
     compds. are particularly useful, either alone or in combination with other
     additives, including other UV light absorbers
     and stabilizers, in stabilizing polymers and other materials from degrdn.
     by environmental forces such as actinic radiation (UV light), oxidn.,
    -moisture, atm. pollutants and combinations thereof.
     reactive triazine UV light absorber; acrylic
ST
     melamine resin coating UV absorber; weather resistant
     coating UV absorber; polyurethane coating UV
     absorber
TI
     Aminoplasts
     Polyurethanes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic, coatings; bondable trisaryl triazine UV
        light absorbers for coatings)
ΙT
     UV stabilizers
       · (bondable trisaryl triazine UV light
        absorbers for polymers)
IT
     Aminoplasts
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (bondable trisaryl triazine UV light
        absorbers for polymers)
IT
     Coating materials
        (light-resistant; bondable trisaryl triazine UV light
        absorbers for coatings)
```

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 37 Coating materials IT (transparent; bondable trisaryl triazine UV light absorbers for coatings) IT Coating materials (weather-resistant; bondable trisaryl triazine UV light absorbers for coatings) ΙT 225529-70-4P 225529-74-8P 225529-77-1P RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (bondable trisaryl triazine UV light absorbers for polymers) ΙT 9003-08-1 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (bondable trisaryl triazine UV light absorbers for polymers) IT 141-97-9, Ethyl acetoacetate 1440-08-0 143695-85-6 225529-89-5 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (bondable trisaryl triazine UV light absorbers for polymers) 201341-52-8P, Cymel 303-Joncryl 510 copolymer TΤ 225529-96-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (coatings; bondable trisaryl triazine UV light absorbers for coatings) RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE (1) Birbaum, J; US 5189084 A 1993 HCAPLUS (2) Ciba Geigy; DE 2113833 A 1971 HCAPLUS 225529-70-4P TΤ RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (bondable trisaryl triazine UV light

RN 225529-70-4 HCAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

absorbers for polymers)

L17 ANSWER 14 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 1999:182560 HCAPLUS

DN 130:283116

TI Triazine compounds, UV absorbers therefrom, fibers or polymer compositions containing the absorbers, and discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings therefrom

IN Tobita, Etsuo; Nanbu, Yoko; Ishikawa, Shinichi; Ayabe, Keishi

Asahi Denka Kogyo K. K., Japan PΑ

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

ICM C07D251-24 IC

ICS C08K005-3492; C09K003-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 37, 40, 42

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ _____ ______ PΙ JP 11071356 19990316 JP 1997-249723 19970829 Α2 MARPAT 130:283116

Ι

OS

GI

AB The triazines are represented as I [R1 = C1-12 alkyl, C3-8 cycloalkyl, C3-8 alkenyl, C6-18 aryl, alkaryl, aralkyl (these groups may be substituted with OH, halo, C1-12 alkyl, or alkoxy and/or interrupted by O, S, CO, ester, amide, or imino); R2 = C1-8 alkyl, C3-8 alkenyl; R3-R6 = H, halo, OH, C1-12 alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkyl]. 2,4-dichloro-6-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-s-triazine reacted with 2-methylresorcinol and MeI to give I (R1 = R2 = Me; R3 = R6 = H; R4 = 2-Me; R5 = 4-Me), 10 parts of which was mixed with 100 parts bisphenol A polycarbonate and coextruded with a resin for a substrate. The resulting laminate showed color difference 7.1 after irradn. with a high-pressure Hg lamp for 2 wk.

triazine UV absorber coating heat resistance; weather ST resistant film triazine UV absorber; bisphenol A polycarbonate triazine UV absorber; methylresorcinol triazine UV absorber discoloration resistance; methyl iodide triazine UV absorber fiber

ΙT Heat-resistant materials

Plastic films

Textiles

(triazine compds. as UV absorbers for)

IT Aminoplasts

Polycarbonates, uses

```
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for)
TΨ
    UV stabilizers
        (triazine derivs.; triazine compds. as UV absorbers
        for discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)
IT
    Coating materials
        (weather-resistant; triazine compds. as UV absorbers
        for)
     222529-66-0
IT
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (UV absorber; triazine compds. as UV
        absorbers for discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant
        films or coatings)
TT
    221653-84-5P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; prepn. of triazine compds. as UV
        absorbers)
IT
     74-88-4, Methyl iodide, reactions
                                        108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride
     111-25-1, Hexyl bromide 143-15-7, Lauryl bromide
                                                          540-51-2,
                                 1330-20-7, Xylene, reactions
    2-Bromoethanol
                      608-25-3
                                                                73692-54-3,
    Triethylene glycol glycidyl methyl ether
                                                91064-30-1
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of triazine compds. as UV absorbers)
TΥ
    25035-89-6P, Butyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic
    acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for)
TΤ
     9002-86-2, Poly(vinyl chloride)
                                     9003-08-1, Melamine-formaldehyde
                 9004-36-8, Cellulose acetate butyrate 9010-79-1,
    Ethylene-propylene copolymer 24936-68-3, uses
                                                      25037-45-0, Bisphenol
    A-carbonic acid copolymer
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
    engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for)
IT
    222529-65-9P 222529-68-2P 222529-69-3P
    222529-70-6P 222529-71-7P 222529-72-8P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for
        discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)
IT
    221653-84-5P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; prepn. of triazine compds. as UV
        absorbers)
RN
     221653-84-5 HCAPLUS
     1,3-Benzenediol, 4,4'-[6-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-
CN
     diyl]bis[2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

L17 ANSWER 15 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:182559 HCAPLUS

DN 130:253785

TI Triazine compounds, **UV absorbers** therefrom, polymer compositions containing the absorbers, and discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings therefrom

IN Tobita, Etsuo; Nanbu, Yoko; Ishikawa, Shinichi; Ayabe, Keishi

PA Asahi Denka Kogyo K. K., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. 'CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C07D251-24 ICS C08K005-3492; C09K003-00

CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
 Section cross-reference(s): 37

FAN.CNT 1

GI

AB Triazines are expressed by compds. I [A = ring B; X, Y = ring B, C; ring B = 2-OH-, 3-R2-, 4-R1O-, and R3-substituted Ph; ring C = R4, R5, R6-substituted Ph; R1 = (meth)acryloyl- or glycidyloxy-substituted C1-25 alkyl (this alkyl may be substituted with OH, C1-8 alkoxy, or acyloxy and inserted with O, S, carbonyl, ester, amide, imino); R2 = C1-8 alkyl; R3-R6 = H, halo, OH, C1-12 alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy(carbonyl), arylalkyl (the alkyl, alkoxy(carbonyl), arylalkyl may be substituted with OH, halo, C1-12 alkyl, alkoxy, SO3H, glycidyloxy, CN, NCO, (meth)acryloyl and inserted

ST

TΤ

TT.

IT

TT

IT

IT

IT

```
with O, S, carbonyl, ester, amide, imino)]. Thus, 2-hydroxy-4,6-bis(4-
methylphenyl)-s-triazine was reacted with thionyl chloride and
subsequently with 2-methylresorcinol and glycidyl methacrylate to give I
(X = Y = p-tolyl; A = Ph substituted with OH, Me, and
H2C:CMeCO2CH2C(OH)HCH2O at 2,3,4-positions, resp.), 10 parts of which was
mixed with 100 parts bisphenol A polycarbonate and coextruded with a resin
substrate. The laminate showed color difference 7.0 after irradn. with a
high-pressure Hg lamp for 2 wk.
hydroxyphenyltriazine UV absorber coating heat
resistance; triazine UV absorber weather resistant
film; bisphenol A polycarbonate triazine UV absorber;
methylresorcinol triazine UV absorber; glycidyl
methacrylate triazine UV absorber
Heat-resistant materials
Plastic films
UV stabilizers
   (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for
   discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)
Aminoplasts
Polycarbonates, uses
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); USES (Uses)
   (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for
   discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)
Coating materials
   (weather-resistant; triazine compds. as UV absorbers
   for discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)
79-41-4DP, Methacrylic acid, reaction product with bromoethanol and
            106-91-2DP, Glycidyl methacrylate, reaction products with
hydroxymethyphenyltriazine and methylresorcinol
                                                  540-51-2DP,
2-Bromoethanol, reaction product with triazines and methacrylic acid
608-25-3DP, 2-Methylresorcinol, reaction products with
hydroxymethyphenyltriazine and glycidyl methacrylate
                                                       26142-30-3DP,
reaction product with triazines
                                  30886-10-3DP, reaction products with
methylresorcinol and glycidyl methacrylate
                                             91064-30-1DP, reaction
product with methylresorcinol, bromoethanol, and methacrylic acid
221653-82-3DP, reaction product with bromoethanol and methacrylic acid
221653-84-5DP, reaction product with glycidyloxyheptapropoxyglycid
уl
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (UV absorber; triazine compds. as UV
   absorbers for discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant
   films or coatings)
221653-83-4
              221653-85-6
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
   (UV absorber; triazine compds. as UV
   absorbers for discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant
   films or coatings)
25035-89-6P, Butyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic
acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
(Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
(Preparation); USES (Uses)
   (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for
   discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)
9002-86-2, Poly(vinyl chloride)
                                  9003-08-1, Melamine-formaldehyde
            9004-36-8
                        9010-79-1, Ethylene-propylene copolymer
copolymer
24936-68-3, uses
                   25037-45-0
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
```

engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (triazine compds. as UV absorbers for
 discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant films or coatings)

221653-84-5DP, reaction product with glycidyloxyheptapropoxyglycid
yl
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (UV absorber; triazine compds. as UV
 absorbers for discoloration-, heat-, and weather-resistant
 films or coatings)

RN 221653-84-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4,4'-[6-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl]bis[2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 16 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L17 1998:424293 HCAPLUS AN DN 129:110164 TΙ Durability enhancing agents for coating compositions and their application to a substrate IN Rehfuss, John W.; Ohrbom, Walter H.; St. Aubin, Donald L.; Boisseau, John E.; Oberg, Patricia K. PΑ Basf Corp., USA SO PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent English LA IC ICM C08K005-00 C08L101-06; C09D007-12; C08K005-00; C08K005-3435; C08K005-3475; C08K005-3492 CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 37 FAN. CNT 1

T. Tara . /	→ TA T	_																	
	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.).	DATE							
						-													
PI	WO	9827	146		A1		1998	0625		WO	1997	-US	2300) 4	1997	1210			
		W:	ΑU,	BR,	CA,	CN,	JP,	KR,	MX							-			
		RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR, C	SB, G	SR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE
	US	6037	441		Α		2000	0314		US	1996	5-76	9622	2	1996	1218			
	US	6147	163		Α		2000	1114		JUS	1996	5-76	9289	•	1996	1218			
	US	6166	148		Α		2000	1226		US	1996	5-76	9245	5	1996	1218.			
	CA	2253	202		A	1	1998	0625		CA	1997	7-22	5320)2	1997	1210			
	ΑU	9856	036		A1	L	1998	0715		ΑU	1998	3-56	036		1997	1210			

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MEDLEY 09/698368
                    Page 43
                            20010308
     AU 730540
                       B2
     BR 9711428
                       Α
                            19990824
                                           BR 1997-11428
                                                            19971210
     EP 946631
                       Α1
                            19991006
                                           EP 1997-952433
                                                            19971210
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     CN 1233264
                            19991027
                                           CN 1997-194840
                                                            19971210
                       Α
     JP 2001511823
                       T2
                            20010814
                                           JP 1998-527876
                                                            19971210
     KR 2000015994
                       Α
                            20000325
                                           KR 1998-709555
                                                            19981121
     US 6180240
                       В1
                            20010130
                                           US 1999-271784
                                                            19990318
PRAI US 1996-769245
                       Α
                            19961218
     US 1996-769289
                       Α
                            19961218
     US 1996-769622
                       Α
                            19961218
     WO 1997-US23004
                       W
                            19971210
AB
     A durability enhancing agent is an UV light
     absorbing compd. or hindered amine light stabilizer covalently
     bonded to a monomeric, oligomeric or polymeric component, further having
     >1 carbamate functional group, group convertible to a carbamate group, or
     group that is cross-linked via a carbamate group. Thus, a coating compn.
     contained Ureclear binder 75.51, Resimene 747 20.66, catalyst 1.00, SiO2
     1.31, flow additive 0.20, adhesion promoter 1.32 and 2% durability
     enhancing agent Ureclear adduct with Norblock 7966'stabilizer was applied
     to a substrate and cured to give a coating film having etch resistance
     rating (10 wk) 3-4; vs. 6 for the coating without the durability enhancing
     agent.
ST
     etch resistance stabilizer coating material; weatherability light
     stabilizer coating material; carbamate functional light stabilizer
     coating; HALS carbamate functional resin coating
IΤ
     Light stabilizers
        (carbamate-functional HALS; durability enhancing agents for coating
        compns.)
     Amines, uses
ΙT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (hindered, carbamate-functional, light stabilizers; durability
        enhancing agents for coating compns.)
ΙT
     Aminoplasts
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (reaction products with isophorone diisocyanate and hydroxypropyl
        carbamate and hydroxy functional triazine; durability enhancing agents
        for coating compns.)
ΙT
     Coating materials
        (weather-resistant; durability enhancing agents for coating compns.)
     209954-24-5, Formaldehyde-melamine-Ureclear copolymer
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (coating; durability enhancing agents for coating compns.)
IT
     1668-53-7DP, alkyl derivs., reaction products with isophorone
     diisocyanate and hydroxypropyl carbamate
                                                4098-71-9DP, reaction products
     with hydroxypropyl carbamate and hydroxy functional triazine
     9003-08-1DP, Cymel 300, reaction products with isophorone diisocyanate and
     hydroxypropyl carbamate and hydroxy functional triazine
                                                              69493-47-6DP.
     Hydroxypropyl carbamate, reaction products with isophorone diisocyanate
     and hydroxy functional triazine
                                       73666-46-3DP, T 1890, reaction products
     with hydroxy functional triazine
                                        96478-09-0DP, reaction products with
     hydroxy functional carbamate resin
                                          204934-30-5DP, Ureclear, reaction
     products with functional benzotriazole
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
```

(durability enhancing agents for coating compns.)

```
RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Cytec; EP 0680988 A 1995 HCAPLUS

IT 1668-53-7DP, alkyl derivs., reaction products with isophorone disocyanate and hydroxypropyl carbamate

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(durability enhancing agents for coating compns.)

RN 1668-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)
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ANSWER 17 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L17
     1998:397829 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     129:40976
ΤI
     High molecular weight dibenzoylresorcinol UV absorbers
     Pickett, James Edward; Simonian, Amy Kathleen
ΙN
     General Electric Co., USA
PΑ
SO
     U.S., 8 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM C07C049-786
IC
NCL
     568333000
CC
     25-16 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                           APPLICATION NO., DATE
                                           -----
                            _____
PΙ
     US 5763674
                       Α
                            19980609
                                           US 1996-762644
                                                            19961209
     US 5905172
                       Α
                            19990518
                                           US 1997-963814
                                                            19971104
     JP 10251191
                      A2
                            19980922
                                           JP 1997-331549
                                                            19971202
     EP 846673
                       A1
                            19980610
                                           EP 1997-309849
                                                            19971208
     EP 846673
                      В1
                            20001227
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     US 6037059
                            20000314
                                           US 1998-177589
                                                            19981023
                       Α
PRAI US 1996-762644
                       A3
                            19961209
     US 1997-963814
                      A3
                            19971104
     CASREACT 129:40976; MARPAT 129:40976
GI
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AB The title compds. [I; Ar1, Ar2 = (un) substituted monocyclic or polycyclic aryl groups; R = H, aryl, or a linear or branched alkyl chain; Ar3 = aryl group bearing at least one OH] are prepd. I are capable of absorbing UV light and compatible in coating compns. to improve the weatherability of thermoplastic substrates. Thus, I (Ar1 = Ar2 = Ph, R = H, Ar3 = AcO) (prepn. given) was coupled with 4,6-dibenzoylresorcinol in the presence of conc. H2SO4 in AcOH to give 84% the title compd. (II).

II

ST dibenzoylresorcinol prepn **UV absorber** coupling reaction

IT UV stabilizers

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols as UV absorbers)

IT Coupling reaction

Coupling reaction catalysts

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols by coupling reaction)

IT 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols as UV absorbers)

IT 208404-01-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols as UV absorbers)

IT 200119-81-9P 208404-02-8P 208404-03-9P 208404-04-0P 208404-05-1P 208404-06-2P 208404-07-3P 208404-08-4P **208404-09-5P** 208446-54-2P

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{RL}}\colon$ IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols as **UV absorbers**)

IT 108-95-2, Phenol, reactions 131-53-3, 2,2'-Dihydroxy-4methoxybenzophenone 131-56-6, 2,4-Dihydroxybenzophenone 1843-05-6,
2-Hydroxy-4-octyloxybenzophenone 2725-22-6 3088-15-1,

4,6-Dibenzoylresorcinol 30525-89-4, Paraformaldehyde 52117-23-4, 2,4-Dihydroxy-3-methylbenzophenone 85279-80-7 166255-26-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols as UV absorbers)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Anon; 1984 HCAPLUS
- (2) Karvas, M; 1972 HCAPLUS
- (3) Kubota, N; Coatings, "Heterocycles" 1986, V105, P649 HCAPLUS
- (4) Kubota, N; Noncondensed Aromatics 1979, V91, P617
- IT 208404-09-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic

preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of dibenzoylresorcinols as UV absorbers)

- RN 208404-09-5 HCAPLUS
- CN Methanone, [5-[[3-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-6-(octyloxy)phenyl]methyl]-4,6-dihydroxy-1,3-phenylene]bis[phenyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L17 ANSWER 18 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1998:87716 HCAPLUS
- DN 128:154827
- TI Polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and benzophenone derivatives as **UV absorbers**
- IN Toan, Vien Van; Valet, Andreas; Hayoz, Pascal
- PA Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.; Toan, Vien Van; Valet, Andreas; Hayoz, Pascal
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 152 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- IC ICM C07D251-24
- ICS C08K005-34; C07D249-20; C07C049-84
- CC 37-2 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 28, 38, 42, 63

FAN.CNT 1

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										_								
ΡI	WO	98034	489		A	1	1998	0129		W	0 19	97-E	P356	7	1997	0707		
		W:	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,
			PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,
			UZ,	VN,	YU,	ŹW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM			
		RW:	GH,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,
			GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,

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GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2258523
                             19980129
                        AA
                                             CA 1997-2258523
                                                               19970707
     AU 9736204
                        Α1
                             19980210
                                             AU 1997-36204
                                                               19970707
     EP 912531
                       A1
                             19990506
                                             EP 1997-932777
                                                               19970707
         R:
            AT, BE,
                     CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     BR 9710730
                             19990817
                                             BR 1997-10730
                                                               19970707
                        Α
                             20001114
     JP 2000515141
                        T2
                                             JP 1998-506485
                                                               19970707
     TW 440564
                        В
                             20010616
                                             TW 1997-86110045 19970716
     US 6369267
                        В1
                             20020409
                                             US 2000-679231
                                                               20001004
     US 2002094320
                        A1
                             20020718
                                             US 2001-6634
                                                               20011108
PRAI CH 1996-1806
                        Α
                             19960718
                        W
     WO 1997-EP3567
                             19970707
                        B3
                             19990113
     US 1999-214859
     US 2000-679231
                        A3
                            20001004
OS
     MARPAT 128:154827
GΙ
```

AB Triazine, benzotriazole and benzophenone derivs. which are substituted or bridged with polyoxyalkylene groups, according to claim 1, and their use as UV absorbers, esp. in photog. materials, in inks, including ink-jet inks and printing inks, in transfer prints, in paints and varnishes, org. polymeric materials, plastics, rubber, glass, packaging materials, in sunscreens of cosmetic prepns. and in skin protection compns. are disclosed. Diethylene glycol Me glycidyl ether was treated with 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-striazine to give I.

Ι

ST light stabilizer polyoxyalkylene triazine; benzotriazole polyoxyalkylene light stabilizer; benzophenone polyoxyalkylene light stabilizer; coating light stabilizer; polymer light stabilizer; plastic light stabilizer; rubber light stabilizer; glass UV absorber; packaging material light stabilizer; cosmetic light stabilizer

IΤ Coating materials Coating materials

(light-resistant; polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)

IT Cosmetics

Light stabilizers

Packaging materials

(polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)

IT Polyurethanes, preparation

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RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
IT
     Polymers, uses
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
     929-59-9P 202411-78-7P 202411-79-8P
     202411-80-1P 202411-81-2P 202411-82-3P
    202411-83-4P 202411-84-5P
                                 202411-85-6P
                                                202411-86-7P
     202411-87-8P
                    202411-88-9P
                                   202411-89-0P
                                                  202411-90-3P
                                                                 202411-91-4P
     202411-92-5P
                    202411-93-6P
                                   202411-94-7P
                                                  202411-95-8P
    202411-97-0P 202411-98-1P 202411-99-2P
                                   202412-02-0P
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                    202412-31-5P 202412-32-6P
    202412-30-4P
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     202412-39-3P
     202412-43-9P 202412-44-0P 202412-45-1P
    202412-48-4P
                    202412-49-5P
                                   202412-50-8P 202483-41-8P
    202483-42-9P
                    202483-43-0P 202533-62-8P
    202533-65-1P 202533-68-4P
                                 202533-70-8P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
     189751-54-0P
TΤ
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
IΤ
     1954-28-5P, Triethylene glycol diglycidyl ether
                                                       4206-61-5P, Diethylene
                               14435-45-1P
                                             17626-93-6P, Tetraethylene glycol
     glycol diglycidyl ether
                        26403-72-5P
                                      26951-52-0P, Polytetramethylene glycol
    diglycidyl ether
    diglycidyl ether
                        28607-80-9P
                                      35625-91-3P
                                                    40349-67-5P
                                                                  50522-30-0P
     71712-93-1P
                   73692-54-3P
                                 87257-02-1P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
ΙT
     41556-26-7
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
ΙT
     106-89-8, reactions
                           111-77-3
                                      111-90-0
                                                 112-35-6
                                                            112-50-5
     131-56-6, 2,4-Dihydroxybenzophenone
                                           143-22-6
                                                      1668-53-7
                                                                  9004-74-4
                            22607-31-4
                                          24979-97-3
     9004-77-7
                 9046-10-0
                                                       38369-95-8
                                                                     39927-08-7,
                                                    77110-54-4, Jeffamine M-600
     Polyethylene glycol bis(carboxymethyl) ether
     83713-01-3, Jeffamine M-2070
                                    84268-33-7
                                                 84268-36-0
                                                              143451-01-8
     200410-65-7
                   200410-81-7
                                202411-96-9
                                               202412-08-6
                                                             202412-46-2
     202412-47-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and
        benzophenone derivs. as UV absorbers)
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IT 202411-78-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and

(polyoxyalkene substituted and bridged triazine, benzotriazole and benzophenone derivs. as **UV absorbers**)

RN 202411-78-7 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-[2-hydroxy-3-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]propoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

— ОМе

OS

GI

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ANSWER 19 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L17
ΑN
     1998:59358 HCAPLUS
DN
     128:154905
ΤI
     Triazines, their use as UV absorbers, and polymer
     compositions containing them with long-lasting light resistance
     Haruna, Toru; Tobita, Etsuo; Nanbe, Yoko
ΙN
     Asahi Denka Kogyo K. K., Japan
PΑ
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
IC
     ICM C07D251-24
         C08K005-3492; C08L067-02; C08L069-00; C09K003-00
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 40, 42
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
PΙ
     JP 10017557
                       Α2
                             19980120
                                            JP 1996-195577
                                                              19960705
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MARPAT 128:154905

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
     UV absorbers, which are less volatile and show good
AB
     compatibility with arom. polymers, comprise triazines I (R1 = CO,
     R70C02R8, C02R902C, R100C02R110C02R12; R7-R12 = C1-8 alkylene, arylene;
     the alkylene of R7, R8 may be substituted with OH; R2-R6 = H, halo, OH,
     C1-10 alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl). Polymer compns. (e.g. polycarbonates and polyesters) contg. the absorbers are also claimed.
     Thus, an injection molding contg. ethylene-propylene copolymer and
     UV absorber II showed good yellowing
     resistance in a sunshine weatherometer test.
     triazine UV absorber ethylene propylene copolymer;
ST
     light yellowing resistance triazine UV
     absorber; polycarbonate polyester UV absorber
     triazine
ΙT
     Polyester fibers, properties
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (fabrics; triazines as UV absorbers for polymer
        compns. with long-lasting light resistance)
TΨ
     Coating materials
     Coating materials
        (light-resistant; triazines as UV absorbers for
        polymer compns. with long-lasting light resistance)
     UV stabilizers
TT
       Yellowing prevention
       Yellowing prevention
        (triazines as UV absorbers for polymer compns. with
        long-lasting light resistance)
    · Polycarbonates, properties
TΤ
     Polyesters, properties
     Polyoxyphenylenes
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (triazines as UV absorbers for polymer compns. with
        long-lasting light resistance)
ΙT
     102-09-0, Diphenyl carbonate
                                     1440-08-0
                                                  201987-25-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of triazines as UV absorbers for polymer
        compns. with long-lasting light resistance)
IT
     201988-31-0P 201988-34-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (triazines as UV absorbers for polymer compns. with
        long-lasting light resistance)
     201988-36-5
                    201988-40-1
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (triazines as UV absorbers for polymer compns. with
        long-lasting light resistance)
ΙT
     9002-86-2, PVC
                       9010-79-1, Ethylene-propylene copolymer
                                                                  9041-80-9,
                         24936-68-3, Bisphenol A polycarbonate, properties
     Polyoxyphenylene
     25037-45-0, Bisphenol A-carbonic acid copolymer
                                                         27073-41-2, Phenol
     homopolymer
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
```

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MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 51
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T.17
    ANSWER 20 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1998:59357 HCAPLUS
DN
     128:154904
TΙ
     Triazines, their use as UV absorbers, and thin film
     and fibrous compositions containing them
TN
     Tobita, Etsuo; Nanbu, Yoko; Ishikawa, Shinichi
     Asahi Denka Kogyo K. K., Japan
PA
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
     ICM C07D251-24
IC
     ICS C09K003-00; C08K005-3492
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40, 42
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                                             DATE
PΙ
     JP 10017556
                       A2
                            19980120
                                            JP 1996-192962
                                                             19960703
os
     MARPAT 128:154904
```

GΙ

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
     UV absorbers, which show good heat resistance and
AB
     cause no discoloration to org. materials (no data), comprise triazines I
     [n = 1, 2; when n = 1, then R1 = H, C1-12 linear or branched alkyl,
     glycidyl, C3-8 cycloalkyl, etc.; when n = 2, then R1 = (un)substituted
     C1-8 linear or branched alkylene, (un)substituted C3-8 cycloalkylene,
     (un) substituted C6-18 arylene (bonded via O, S, CO, ester group, amide
     group, imino group); R2 = C1-8 alkyl; R3-R6 = H, halo, OH, C1-12 alkyl,
     alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, arylalkyl]. Thin film compns. (e.g. coatings and
     films) and fibrous compns. contg. the UV absorbers are
     also claimed. Thus, a sheet contg. ethylene-propylene copolymer and
     UV absorber II showed good yellowing
     resistance in a sunshine weatherometer test.
ST
     triazine UV absorber ethylene propylene copolymer;
     light yellowing resistance triazine UV
     absorber; coating film fiber UV absorber
     triazine
     Polyester fibers, uses
ΙT
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (fabrics; triazines as UV absorbers for coatings,
        films, and fibers)
IT
     Coating materials
     Coating materials
        (light-resistant; triazines as UV absorbers for
        coatings, films, and fibers)
     Films
IΤ
     UV stabilizers
       Yellowing prevention
       Yellowing prevention
        (triazines as UV absorbers for coatings, films, and
        fibers)
     Polycarbonates, properties
IT
     Synthetic fibers
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (triazines as UV absorbers for coatings, films, and
        fibers)
                                608-25-3, 2-Methylresorcinol
ΙT
     106-94-5, Propyl bromide
                                                                1237-53-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. of triazines as UV absorbers for coatings,
        films, and fibers)
TΤ
     201987-25-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);
     USES (Uses)
        (triazines as UV absorbers for coatings, films, and
        fibers)
IT
     201987-26-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive
     use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (triazines as UV absorbers for coatings, films, and
        fibers)
     201987-27-1
IT
                   201987-28-2
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
```

(triazines as **UV absorbers** for coatings, films, and fibers)

9002-86-2, PVC 9010-79-1, Ethylene-propylene copolymer 24936-68-3, Bisphenol A polycarbonate, properties 25035-89-6, Butyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer 25037-45-0, Bisphenol A-carbonic acid copolymer RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(triazines as **UV absorbers** for coatings, films, and fibers)

IT 201987-25-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (triazines as UV absorbers for coatings, films, and fibers)

RN 201987-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 21 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:280882 HCAPLUS

DN 126:278290

TI Polymeric **UV-absorbing** agents and compositions containing them

IN Nakahara, Yutaka; Nanbu, Yoko

PA Asahi Denka Kogyo Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C08F020-36

ICS C09K003-00 CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 09052916 A2 19970225 JP 1995-227074 19950811
GI

AΒ Homopolymer of compd. I and copolymer of I with other monomers are synthesized and used in polymer compns. as UV-absorbing agent [A = single bond, (CH2CH2O)n, CH2CH(OH), CH2O; X = H, Me; R1-8 = H, C1-10 alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy; n = 1-5]. A test piece made from an ethylene-propylene copolymer compn. contg. 0.3 phr of copolymer of I (A = CH2CH2O; X = Me; R1, R2, R3, R6 = H; R4, R5, R7, R8 = Me) and Me methacrylate was subjected to a weather resistant test which comprises cycles of 18-min rain per 120 min and show crack after 2800 h and yellowing degree 4.8 and 7.7 after 500 and 2000 h, resp.

UV absorber polymeric; ethylene propylene copolymer ST compn UV absorber

IT **UV** stabilizers

(polymeric UV-absorbing agents and compns. contg.

them)

ΙT Polyester fibers, uses

Polyesters, uses

Polyoxyphenylenes

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)

(polymeric UV-absorbing agents and compns. contg. them)

188753-55-1P 188753-57-3P TΤ

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymeric UV-absorbing agents and compns. contg.

them)

9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9010-79-1, Ethylene-propylene copolymer RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses) (polymeric UV-absorbing agents and compns. contg. them)

ΙT 188753-55-1P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymeric UV-absorbing agents and compns. contg. them)

188753-55-1 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-CN triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

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CRN 138968-34-0 CMF C31 H31 N3 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \hline Me & O-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-C-Me \\ \hline Me & Me & Me \\ \hline \\ Me & Me & Me \\ \hline \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

L17 ANSWER 22 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 1997:230817 HCAPLUS

DN 126:216706

TI Manufacture of ultraviolet absorbing lenses using polymerizable triazine compounds

IN Nakahara, Yutaka; Nanbu, Yoko

PA Asahi Denka Kogyo Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61L027-00

ICS C08F220-36; C08F246-00; G02C007-02

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

OS MARPAT 126:216706

AB Polymerizable acrylic group-contg. triazines as UV-ray absorbents are copolymd. with monomers to give ophthalmic lenses. The lenses provide superior safety to use and retina protective effects. A blend contg. Me methacrylate 95, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate 5, dimethyl-2,2'-azobis-isobutyrate 0.2, and 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]ethyl methacrylate (I) 5 parts was polymd. and processed to obtain a button shape hard product, which was soaked in polypropylene for 72 h at 50.degree. to show

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 56

no detection of eluted I. The lenses showed 3.2 % of transmissivity of $340\ \mathrm{nm}$ ray.

ST UV absorbent triazine polyacrylate ophthalmic lens

IT Eyeglass lenses

Intraocular lenses

UV stabilizers

(manuf. of **UV absorbing** lenses using polymerizable triazine compds.)

IT 188066-74-2P 188066-75-3P 188066-76-4P

188066-77-5P 188066-78-6P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (manuf. of UV absorbing lenses using polymerizable
 triazine compds.)

IT 188066-74-2P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (manuf. of UV absorbing lenses using polymerizable
 triazine compds.)

RN 188066-74-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 138968-34-0 CMF C31 H31 N3 O4

CM 2

CRN 97-90-5 CMF C10 H14 O4

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CM
     CRN
         80-62-6
     CMF C5 H8 O2
 H<sub>2</sub>C O
   Me-C-C-OMe
'L17 ANSWER 23 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1997:181082 HCAPLUS
DN
     126:186113
ΤI
     Preparation of triazine derivatives as UV absorbers
IN
     Kimura, Ryoji; Nanbu, Yoko
PA
     Asahi Denka Kogyo Kk, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
IC
     ICM C07D251-24
     ICS C09K003-00
CC
     28-19 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 74
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                      ----
     -----
                            _____
                                           _____
     JP 09020760 A2
PΙ
                             19970121
                                            JP 1995-192549
                                                             19950705
OS
     MARPAT 126:186113
GΙ
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
AB
     The title compds. I [R1 = H, alkyl, etc.; R2 = alkenyl; R3 - R5 = H,
     alkyl, etc.], useful as UV absorbers for polymers and
     recording materials, are prepd. In a weather resistance test, a film
     contg. the title compd. II showed good resistance for 3800 h, vs. 2900 h
     for a ref. compd.
ST
     triazine prepn UV absorber; polymer triazine prepn
     UV absorber; recording material triazine prepn
     UV absorber
TΤ
     Polymers, properties
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous); PRP (Properties)
        (prepn. of triazine derivs. as UV absorbers for
        polymers)
     Recording materials
IT
     UV shields
        (prepn. of triazine derivs. as UV absorbers for
        polymers and recording materials)
     106-95-6, Allyl bromide, reactions 1668-53-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
IT
                                                       4784-77-4, Crotyl bromide
        (prepn. of triazine derivs. as UV absorbers)
ΙT
     187148-09-0P/187148-10-3P 187148-11-4P
     187148-12-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered
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Page 57

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700/LAW LIBRARY 308-4290

material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of triazine derivs. as UV absorbers)

IT 187148-09-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of triazine derivs. as UV absorbers)

RN 187148-09-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-2-(2-propenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 24 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:629802 HCAPLUS

DN 125:250577

TI Emulsion coatings containing polymers bearing ultraviolet light-absorbing hydroxyphenyltriazine-type groups

IN Nanbu, Yoko; Kimura, Ryoji; Nakahara, Yutaka

PA Asahi Denka Kogyo Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C09D133-06

ICS C08F002-22; C08F212-08; C08F220-36; C09D005-02; C09D125-00

CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 08193180 A2 19960730 JP 1995-6070 19950118
GI

```
AB
    Title coatings, showing good resistance to weather for long period,
     contain emulsion-polymd. compns. of (meth)acrylic phenyltriazine monomers
     I [X = H, Me; A = direct bond, CH2CH2O, CH2CH(OH)CH2O; R1-R4 = H, C1-10
     alkyl] 0.1-20, cycloalkyl-substituted monomers 5-99.99, and other monomers
     0-94.99%. Thus, Bu acrylate 9.0, Me methacrylate 9.8, acrylic acid 1.0, I
    (X = Me; A = CH2CH2O, R1-R4 = H) 0.2, cyclohexyl methacrylate 60.0, and
    tert-butylcyclohexyl methacrylate 20.0 parts were emulsion-polymd. then
    mixed with TiO2, water, and other additives, coated on a flexible board
    and dried at 25.degree. for 1 wk to give a test piece showing 85%
    retention of initial gloss after 4000 h in a sunshine weatherometer.
ST
    UV absorbent acrylic polymer coating; emulsion polymn
    hydroxyphenyltriazine acrylate coating; weather resistant coating UV
     stable monomer; water resistant coating acrylic polymer; butyl acrylate
    copolymer coating weatherability; methyl methacrylate copolymer coating
    weatherability; cyclohexyl methacrylate copolymer coating weatherability;
    butylcyclohexyl methacrylate copolymer coating
ΙT
    Coating materials
        (weather-resistant, emulsion coatings contg. polymers bearing
       UV light-absorbing hydroxyphenyltriazine-
        type groups)
IT
     182207-23-4P 182207-25-6P 182207-27-8P
                                              182207-29-0P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation);
    TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation);
    USES (Uses)
        (emulsion coatings contg. polymers bearing UV light
        -absorbing hydroxyphenyltriazine-type groups)
ΙT
    182207-25-6P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation);
    TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation);
     USES (Uses)
        (emulsion coatings contg. polymers bearing UV light
        -absorbing hydroxyphenyltriazine-type groups)
RN
     182207-25-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-
     triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]ethyl ester, polymer with butyl
     2-propenoate, cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, (1,1-
     dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl
     2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          138968-34-0
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CMF C31 H31 N3 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ O - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - C - C - Me \\ \hline \\ Me & Me \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 82277-46-1 CMF C14 H24 O2 CCI IDS



D1-Bu-t

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM ·

CRN 101-43-9 CMF C10 H16 O2

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{
m H_2C}_{||}$$
 $^{\circ}$ $||$ $||$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$

CM 6

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

L17 ANSWER 25 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:546030 HCAPLUS

DN 125:181108

TI Photographic material with polymeric UV absorber

IN Hagemann, Joerg; Helling, Guenter; Renner, Guenter

PA Agfa-Gevaert Ag, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 23 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM G03C007-396

ICS C08L039-04; C08F026-06

CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI DE 19500441 A1 19960711 DE 1995-19500441 19950110
GI

$$(R^3)_n$$

$$R^2$$

$$(R^1)_m$$

$$R^4$$

$$I$$

$$(R^3)_p$$

$$I$$

AB The title material comprises a support coated with multiple color photog. emulsion layers where .gtoreq.1 layers contains a polymeric UV absorber obtained by polymn. of the monomer I [R1, R3 = halogen, OH, mercapto, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, aryloxy, acyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, NR5R6, alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl; R2 = H, OH, halogen, alkyl; R4 = alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, aryloxy, II; R5 = H, alkyl, acyl; R6 = H, alkyl, acyl, aryl, alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl; m, n, p = 1-4; Z = bond] where >1 of R1, R2 and R3 and .gtoreq.1 of R1 and R4 contains ethylenically unsatd. polymerizable group. The material shows less oil building, high extinction coeff. and sweating resistance.

ST color photog emulsion polymeric UV absorber

IT Ultraviolet radiation

(absorber; polymeric)

IT Photographic emulsions

(color, photog. material with polymeric UV absorber

for improved sweating resistance)

IT 178868-83-2P 180681-66-7P 180681-67-8P 180681-68-9P

180681-69-0P 180681-70-3P 180681-71-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN

(Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photog. material with polymeric UV absorber for

improved sweating resistance)

IT 180681-69-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN

(Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photog. material with polymeric UV absorber for

improved sweating resistance)

RN 180681-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester, polymer with N-[2-[2-hydroxy-3-[3-hydroxy-4-[4-(2-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)-6-(2-hydroxy-4,6-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]phenoxy]propoxy]ethyl]-2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 178868-91-2 CMF C33 H36 N4 O7

PAGE 1-B

`Me

CM 2

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\stackrel{\text{O}}{\mid\mid}$$
EtO-C-CH=CH₂

L17 ANSWER 26 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:464587 HCAPLUS

DN 125:115934

TI Investigations on Polymeric and Monomeric Intramolecularly Hydrogen-Bridged **UV Absorbers** of the Benzotriazole and Triazine Class

AU Keck, Juergen; Kramer, Horst E. A.; Port, Helmut; Hirsch, Thomas; Fischer, Peter; Rytz, Gerhard

CS Institut fuer Physikalische Chemie, Universitaet Stuttgart, Stuttgart, D-70569, Germany

SO Journal of Physical Chemistry (1996), 100(34), 14468-14475 CODEN: JPCHAX; ISSN: 0022-3654

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

AB Various copolymers of MA-TIN 1, 2-[2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-(0-[2-hydroxy-

ST

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

ΙT

ΙT

RN

CN

```
3-(2-methylpropenoyloxy)propyl]-2-carbonyloxyethyl)phenyl]benzotriazole,
and MA-TZ 1, 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-[2-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-[2-
methylpropenoyloxy])propoxyphenyl]-1,3,5-triazine, with styrene, Me
methacrylate, and methacrylic acid were synthesized by radical polymn.
Their absorption spectra in the long-wavelength UV region appear unchanged
compared to those of the monomeric UV absorbers,
indicating the stabilizer chromophore remains unimpaired in the course of
the polymn. Both the monomeric and the polymeric stabilizers exhibit a
strongly Stokes-shifted, temp.-dependent, low-quantum-yield fluorescence
which arises from an intermediate species formed by intramol. proton
transfer. The intramol. hydrogen bond which is low-quantum-yield
fluorescence which arises from an intermediate species formed by intramol.
proton transfer. essential for the photostability of this type of
UV absorbers thus is still intact in the copolymers.
Activation energies for the radiationless deactivation process can be
evaluated from the temp. dependence of the proton-transferred
fluorescence. These energies lie between 4 and 5 kJ/mol for most of the
benzotriazole and triazine stabilizers investigated and show hardly any
matrix dependence. Eluorescence-decay measurements with cryst. MA-TIN 1 at different temps. reveal a close correspondence of the temp. dependence
between decay times and relative quantum yields. The radiationless
process thence is concluded to originate from the proton-transferred level
S1'. The decay time at room temp. is estd. at 70 ps, close to the value
for cryst. TIN P (Tinuvin P). The proton-transferred fluorescence of
MA-TIN 1, in contrast, exhibits a biexponential decay profile.
polymeric UV absorber prepn property; light stabilizer
benzotriazole triazine polymer
Light stabilizers
   (UV, polymeric benzotriazoles and triazines; investigations on
   polymeric and monomeric intramolecularly hydrogen-bridged UV
   absorbers of benzotriazole and triazine class)
Polymerization
   (radical, of styrene and acrylic monomers with benzotriazole and
   triazine derivs.)
135590-53-3
              136902-10-8
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
   (absorption and fluorescence spectra and polymn. of)
                               179694-01-0P 179694-02-1P
179693-99-3P
               179694-00-9P
179694-03-2P
               179694-04-3P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation)
   (investigations on polymeric and monomeric intramolecularly
   hydrogen-bridged UV absorbers of benzotriazole and
   triazine class)
103734-29-8
              106556-36-9
                            154825-53-3
                                           179693-98-2
RL: PRP (Properties)
   (temp. dependence and substituent effects on proton-transferred
   fluorescence of)
74734-21-7
             84268-33-7
RL: PRP (Properties)
   (temp. dependence of proton-transferred fluorescence of)
179693-99-3P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
(Preparation)
   (investigations on polymeric and monomeric intramolecularly
   hydrogen-bridged UV absorbers of benzotriazole and
   triazine class)
179693-99-3 HCAPLUS
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-[4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-
triazin-2-y1]-3-hydroxyphenoxy]-2-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with
```

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ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 136902-10-8 CMF C32 H33 N3 O5

CM 2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

L17 ANSWER 27 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:359355 HCAPLUS

DN 125:34339

TI Manufacture of novel (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as **uv**absorbers and polymer stabilizers

IN Toan, Vien Van; Leppard, David George; Rytz, Gerhard; Wuerms, Norbert; Hayoz, Pascal

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Ger. Offen., 56 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM C07D251-24

ICS C09K015-30; C09K015-32; C09D007-12; C08G085-00; C08F026-06; C08F008-30; C08K005-3492

ICA C08G063-685; C08G063-19; C08G063-66; C08G069-48; C08G018-38; C08G018-62; C08G018-83; C08G064-00; C08G064-42; C08G059-14; C08G008-28; C08G012-40

CC 35-2 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI	DE 19536730	A1	19960411	DE 1995-19536730 19951002
	TW 413677	В	20001201	TW 1995-84110075 19950925
•	СН 692200	Α	20020315	CH 1995-2733 19950927

MEDLEY	09/698368	Page 66				
•••		_	10070000	***	1005 505406	1005000
	5 5672704	A	19970930		1995-535406	19950928
	1 2159694	AA	19960405		1995-2159694	19951002
GE		A1	19960410	GB	1995-20046	19951002
	3 2293823	B2	19970122	m	1005 11500	10051000
	2725204	A1	19960405	FR	1995-11598	19951003
	R 2725204	B1	19970606		1005 00040	10051000
	J 9533049	A1	19960418	AU	1995-33049	19951003
JA		B2	19981029		1005 1006	10051000
	9501636	A	19990115	AT	1995-1636	19951003
	405515	В	19990927		4005 4004000	400=400.
	1001338	A1	19960404	NL	1995-1001338	19951004
NI		C2	19960412			
	E 1008871 .	A5	19960806		1995-822	19951004
Ch		A	19960911	CN	1995-117220	19951004
Ch		В	20010829			
	R 9504276	A	19961001		1995-4276	19951004
	08259545	A2	19961008		1995-282618	19951004
	3 2106684	A1	19971101	ES	1995-1914	19951004
	5 2106684	B1	19980701			•
	N 1132747	A	19961009	CN	1995-117962	19951010
Ch	•	В	20010704			
	5 5869588	Α	19990209	US	1997-865148	19970529
_	1 1994-2989	A	19941004		•	
	1 1994-3039	A	19941010			
	1 1995-364	Α	19950208			
	3 1995-535406	A 3	19950928		• .	
OS MA	ARPAT 125:3433	39				

$$N$$
 OH $O-(CH_2)_{11}-O_2C-CMe=CH_2$ I

GΙ

AB (2-Hydroxyphenyl)triazines of specified structure were manufd. as additives or comonomers for manuf. of polymeric materials with improved resistance to light-, O- and/or heat-induced degrdn. For example, film of Me methacrylate polymer contg. 1% (hydroxyphenyl)triazine comonomer (I) [prepn. by partial etherification of 2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine with 11-bromo-1-undecanol and esterification of the product with methacryloyl chloride given] showed no discoloration in yellowness index test.

hydroxyphenyltriazine manuf UV absorber;
bromoundecanol etherification dihydroxyphenyldiphenyltriazine UV
absorber manuf; methacryloyl chloride esterification
hydroxyundecyloxyphenyldiphenyltriazine UV absorber;
PMMA yellowness prevention hydroxyphenyltriazine deriv manuf
Light stabilizers

(UV, manuf. of novel (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-

```
absorbers and polymer stabilizers)
IT
     Discoloration prevention
        (yellowing, agents, manuf. of novel (2-
        hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers and polymer
        stabilizers)
IT
     108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (Grignard reaction with 2-bromomesitylene; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
     576-83-0, 2-Bromomesitylene
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (Grignard reaction with cyanuric chloride; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
     108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (arylation with 2-mesityl-4,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazine; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
ΙT
     814-68-6, Acryloyl chloride
                                   920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification with (hydroxyphenyl)triazine derivs.; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
     2125-28-2
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification with (meth)acryloyl chloride; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
     122897-08-9
                   148898-74-2
ΙT
                                 177605-84-4
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification with acryloyl chloride; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
ΙT
     177605-90-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification with methacryloyl chloride; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
ΙT
     111-25-1, 1-Bromohexane
                               1592-20-7, p-Vinylbenzyl chloride
                                                                     39833-65-3,
    m-Vinylbenzyl chloride
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (etherification with (dihydroxyphenyl)triazine deriv.; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers and
    polymer stabilizers)
1611-56-9, 11-Bromo-1-undecanol
IT
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (etherification with (hydroxyphenyl)triazine derivs.; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
ΙT
     1668-53-7
                 2125-23-7
                             2125-25-9
                                          38369-95-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (etherification with 11-bromo-1-undecanol; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
IT
     176225-62-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. and arylation of resorcinol; manuf. of novel
```

```
(2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
IT
     176225-58-4P 176225-59-5P
                                 176225-60-8P 176225-63-1P
     176225-65-3P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. and esterification with (meth)acryloyl chloride; manuf. of
        novel (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers
        and polymer stabilizers)
IT
     177605-92-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. and esterification with methacryloyl chloride; manuf. of novel
        (2-hydroxyphenyl) triazines as UV-absorbers and
        polymer stabilizers)
     138968-34-0P
                                                  176225-20-0P
IT
                    176225-18-6P
                                   176225-19-7P
                                                                  176225-27-7P
     176225-21-1P
                    176225-22-2P
                                   176225-25-5P
                                                  176225-26-6P
                    176225-29-9P
    176225-28-8P
                                   176225-30-2P
                                                  176225-31-3P
                                                                  176225-32-4P
     176225-33-5P
                    176225-34-6P
                                   176225-35-7P 176225-36-8P
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     176225-40-4P 176225-41-5P 176225-42-6P
                                                 176225-46-0P
    176225-43-7P 176225-44-8P
                                 176225-45-9P
    176225-47-1P 176225-48-2P 176225-49-3P
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                    176225-51-7P 176225-52-8P 176225-53-9P
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                    177605-86-6P 177605-87-7P 177605-88-8P
     177605-89-9P
                    177605-91-3P 177605-93-5P
                                                177605-94-6P
     177605-95-7P 177605-96-8P 177795-56-1P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of novel (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-
        absorbers and polymer stabilizers)
    176225-59-5P
ΙT
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);
    PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. and esterification with (meth)acryloyl chloride; manuf. of
        novel (2-hydroxyphenyl)triazines as UV-absorbers
        and polymer stabilizers)
RN
     176225-59-5 HCAPLUS
     Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-[(11-
CN
    hydroxyundecyl)oxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

L17 ANSWER 28 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS AN 1996:318335 HCAPLUS DN 125:12474

```
TΙ
     Tris-aryl-s-triazine light stabilizers for polymer substrates
IN
     Stevenson, Tyler Arthur; Ravichandran, Ramanathan; Holt, Mark Stephen;
     Phan, Thuy Ngoc; Birbaum, Jean-Luc; Toan, Vien Van
     Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
PA
SO
     Can. Pat. Appl., 95 pp.
     CODEN: CPXXEB
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C07D251-24
     ICS C07D401-14; C07D403-14; C07D405-14; C07D413-14; C07F009-547;
          C09K015-30
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 28, 40, 42
FAN.CNT 3
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                     ____
                           -----
                                          -----
                                                           -----
     CA 2154626
                    AA
                           19960128
                                          CA 1995-2154626 19950725
PΤ
                      Α
                           19960917
     US 5556973
                                          US 1994-281381
                                                           19940727
     US 5543518
                     Α
                           19960806
                                          US 1995-463140
                                                           19950602
                     A
     US 5637706
                           19970610
                                          US 1995-463572
                                                           19950602
                     A2
     EP 704437
                           19960403
                                          EP 1995-810471
                                                           19950718
               A3
     EP 704437
                           19961023
                          20020925
     EP 704437
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL
                           19960227
     BR 9503460
                     Α
                                          BR 1995-3460
                                                           19950726
     JP 08053427
                      A2
                           19960227
                                          JP 1995-211088
                                                           19950727
PRAI US 1994-281381
                      Α
                           19940727
     MARPAT 125:12474
OS
     Tris-aryl-s-triazines contg. 1-3 resorcinol derived moieties with
AB
     .gtoreq.1 of the moieties substituted at the 5-position with an alkyl,
     phenylalkyl, halogen, thio or sulfonyl group have UV spectra which are
     red-shifted to the near UV range (360-400 nm) and provide excellent
     stabilization against the deleterious effects of actinic light. Thus,
     adding 37.9 mmol .alpha.-methylstyrene (I) dropwise to 37.8 mmol
     2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-s-triazine and heating
     at 175.degree. to a total of 6 equiv. I and worked up to give a product
     with m.p. 168-170.degree.. Thermoset acrylic clear coats, polycarbonate,
     and polypropylene fiber may be tested with similar stabilizers.
ST
     alkylresorcinol triazine manuf light stabilizer; phenylalkylresorcinol
     triazine manuf light stabilizer; haloresorcinol triazine manuf light
     stabilizer; thioresorcinol triazine manuf light stabilizer;
     sulfonylresorcinol triazine manuf light stabilizer; polymer actinic light
     stabilizer triazine deriv
IT
     Coating materials
        (acrylic melamine; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light
        stabilizers with good absorbance in near UV range
        for polymer substrates)
ΙΤ
     Light stabilizers
        (tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers with good
        absorbance in near UV range for polymer substrates)
IT
     Polypropene fibers, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers with good
        absorbance in near UV range for polymer substrates)
IT
     9003-07-0, Polypropylene
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (fiber; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers
        with good absorbance in near UV range for polymer
        substrates)
IT
     176843-39-3P
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RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate UV stabilizer; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine
        light stabilizers with good absorbance in near
        UV range for polymer substrates)
IT
     2725-22-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with diethoxymethane; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine
        light stabilizers with good absorbance in near
        UV range for polymer substrates)
IT
     1668-53-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with diisobutylene; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine
        light stabilizers with good absorbance in near
        UV range for polymer substrates)
IT
     1237-53-2
                 1700-02-3, 2,4-Dichloro-6-phenyl-s-triazine
                                                                  3842-55-5
     21902-34-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with hexylresorcinol; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine
        light stabilizers with good absorbance in near
        UV range for polymer substrates)
                                           78-81-9, Isobutylamine
IT
     74-88-4, Methyl iodide, reactions
                                                                     79-03-8,
                         98-83-9, .alpha.-Methylstyrene, reactions
108-98-5, Thiophenol, reactions 111-25-1,
-83-1, 1-Bromooctane 122-60-1, 1,2-Epoxy-3-
     Propionyl chloride
                                                                         98-88-4,
     Benzoyl chloride
     1-Bromohexane
                     111-83-1, 1-Bromooctane
                       638-45-9, 1-Iodohexane
     phenoxypropane
                                     odohexane 2426-08-6, Butyl glycidy
3748-13-8, 1,3-Diisopropenylbenzene
                                                 2426-08-6, Butyl glycidyl ether
     2896-60-8, 4-Ethylresorcinol
     25167-70-8, Diisobutylene
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with hydroxyphenyl-s-triazine deriv.; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-
        triazine light stabilizers with good absorbance in
        near UV range for polymer substrates)
     95-88-5, 4-Chlororesorcinol
ΙT
                                    136-77-6, 4-Hexylresorcinol
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with triazine deriv.; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine
        light stabilizers with good absorbance in near
        UV range for polymer substrates)
ΙT
     38369-95-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction with .alpha.-methylstyrene; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine
        light stabilizers with good absorbance in near
        UV range for polymer substrates)
     176843-40-6P 176843-41-7DP, glycidyl ethers
ΙŢ
     176843-42-8P 176843-43-9P 176843-44-0DP,
     glycidyl ethers 176843-44-0P 176843-45-1P
     176843-46-2P
                    176843-47-3P 176843-48-4P 176843-49-5P
     176843-50-8P
                    176843-51-9P 176843-52-0P
     176843-53-1P 176843-54-2P 176843-55-3P
     176843-58-6P
                    176843-59-7P
                                    176843-60-0P
                                                    176843-61-1P
                                    176843-65-5P 176843-66-6P
     176843-62-2P
                    176843-64-4P
                    176843-69-9P 176843-70-2P 176843-71-3P
     176843-68-8P
     176843-72-4P 176843-73-5P 176843-74-6P
     176843-75-7P 176843-76-8P 176843-77-9P
     176843-78-0P
                    176843-79-1P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers with good
        absorbance in near UV range for polymer substrates)
                                 176843-63-3P
     176843-56-4P 176843-57-5P
TΨ
                                                  176843-67-7P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
```

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 71

(tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers with good absorbance in near UV range for polymer substrates)

IT 24936-68-3, Lexan 141 111N, uses

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)

(tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers with good absorbance in near UV range for polymer substrates)

IT 176843-39-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);

PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate UV stabilizer; tris-aryl-resorcinol-s-triazine light stabilizers with good absorbance in near

UV range for polymer substrates)

RN 176843-39-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-6-hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 29 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:280633 HCAPLUS

DN 124:328374

TI Photographic recording material containing an UVabsorber

IN Toan, Vien Van; Leppard, David George; Rytz, Gerhard; Wuerms, Norbert; Hayoz, Pascal

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 108 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM G03C001-815

CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35

FAN.CNT 2

		_				
	PA	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
P	I EP	706083	A1	19960410	EP 1995-810602	19950927
		R: DE,	FR, GB, IT	r, NL		
	CN	1132862	A	19961009	CN 1995-119152	19950929
	US	5538840	Α	19960723	US 1995-538090	19951002
	AU	9533048	A1	19960418	AU 1995-33048	19951003
	AU	703602	B2	19990325		
	AU	9533047	A1	19960426	AU 1995-33047	19951003
	ΑŲ	703967	B2	19990401		
	JP	08234364	A2	19960913	JP 1995-291596	19951003

MEDLEY	09/698368	Page 72				
CB	2294043	A1	19960417	CB	1995-20261	19951004
	2294043	B2	19980930	GD	1995-20261	19951004
	9504278	A	19961008	ממ	1995-4278	19951004
	5686233	A	19971111		1995-539150	19951004
	2160091	AA	19960411		1995-2160091	19951004
	19537291	A1	19960418		1995-19537291	19951006
	2106685	A1	19971101		1995-1940	19951006
	2106685	B1	19980701	20	1990 1910	10001000
	1001381	A1	19960410	NI.	1995-1001381	19951009
	1001381	C2	19960412			2002003
FR	2725444	A1	19960412	FR	1995-11850	19951009
	2725444	B1	19970131			
JP	08239368	A2	19960917	JP	1995-297920	19951009
AT	9501667	Α	19990715	AT	1995-1667	19951009
AT	406161	В	20000327			
BR	9504359	Α	19961008	BR	1995-4359	19951010
CN	1132747	Α	19961009	CN	1995-117962	19951010
	1067994	В	20010704			
BE	1009090	A 3	19961105	BE	1995-834	19951010
US		Α	19990209	US	1997-865148	19970529
	1994-2988	Α	19941004			
	1994-3039	Α	19941010			
	1995-364	Α	19950208			
	1995-365	A	19950208			
	1994-2989	Α	19941004			
	1995-535406	A3	19950928			
GI						•

The title material comprises an UV-absorber from a polymer contg. the monomer I [E1, E2 = II, III; R1 = A, CH2CH(XA)-CH2-O-R7, CR8R8'(CH2)1XA, CH2-CH(OA)R9, CH2-CH(OH)CH2XA, IV etc.; R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, halogen, Ph, trifluoromethyl; R2' = alkoxy, alkenoxy, CO2R12, OH, OA; R3, R3' = H, OH, OR1, OR131, etc.; R4, R4', R4'' = H, alkyl, alkenyl, OR131, halogen, etc.; R5 = H,

```
CH2CO2R13, alkyl, CN; R6 = H, CO2R13, alkyl, Ph; R7 = alkyl, cycloalkyl,
     alkenyl, Ph, etc.; R8, R8' = H, alkyl, etc.; R9 = alkyl, Ph, phenylalkyl;
     R10 = H, Me; R11, R11' = alkyl, Ph (optionally substituted); R12 = H,
     alkyl, Ph, alkoxy etc.; R13 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, Ph etc.; R14, R15 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, halogen, trifluoromethyl, Ph,
     phenylalkyl, CN, alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, OR131; R131 = alkyl,
     alkenyl, alkoxy, Ph etc.; R132, R133 = alkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
     dialkylaminoalkyl, cycloalkyl or R132 and R133 together = alkylene,
     oxaalkylene, azaalkylene; X = NR8, O, NH(CnH2n)NH, O(CkH2k)NH; k = 2-4; 1
     = 0-19; m = 2-8; n = 0-4; p = 0-10; q = 1-8; r = 0-18; t = 0-2].
     photog film UV absorber triazine polymer
ST
     Photographic films
ΙT
        (color, polymeric UV-absorber)
IT
     176225-58-4P 176225-59-5P
                                 176225-60-8P
                                                  176225-61-9P
     176225-62-0P 176225-63-1P 176225-64-2P
                                                176225-65-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate for monomer for polymeric UV-absorber
        for photog. film)
IT
     138968-34-0P
                    176225-18-6P
                                    176225-19-7P
                                                    176225-20-0P
     176225-21-1P
                    176225-22-2P
                                    176225-23-3P
                                                    176225-24-4P
                                                                    176225-25-5P
                                                                    176225-30-2P
     176225-26-6P
                    176225-27-7P
                                    176225-28-8P
                                                    176225-29-9P
     176225-31-3P
                    176225-32-4P
                                    176225-33-5P
                                                    176225-34-6P
                                                                    176225-35-7P
     176225-36-8P 176225-37-9P 176225-38-0P
     176225-39-1P 176225-40-4P 176225-41-5P
     176225-42-6P 176225-43-7P 176225-44-8P
     176329-34-3P 176329-36-5P 176393-20-7P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (monomer for polymeric UV-absorber for photog.
        film)
IT
     176225-45-9P
                    176225-46-0P 176225-47-1P 176225-48-2P
     176225-49-3P
                    176225-50-6P
                                    176225-51-7P 176225-52-8P
     176225-53-9P
                    176225-54-0P
                                    176225-55-1P 176225-56-2P
     176225-57-3P
                    176329-35-4P 176329-37-6P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (polymeric UV-absorber for photog. film)
IT
     176225-59-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate for monomer for polymeric UV-absorber
        for photog. film)
     176225-59-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-[(11-
     hydroxyundecyl)oxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
ANSWER 30 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L17
    1996:228491 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
    124:289580
ΤI
    Preparation of triazole and 2,4-dihydroxybenzophenone derivatives having
    ultra-violet absorption properties
ΙN
    Bacher, Jean-Pierre; Kaufmann, Werner; Reinehr, Dieter
PA
    Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 38 pp.
SO
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
IC
    ICM C07D251-24
         D06M013-00; C07D405-12; C07D251-70; C07D251-44; C07D251-50;
         C07D403-12; C07D403-14; C07D251-42
CC
    28-19 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                          DATE
    _____
                     ____
                          _____
                                         ------
    EP 693483
                     A1
                           19960124
                                         EP 1995-810388
                                                          19950612
PΤ
    EP 693483
                     В1
                           20020410
        R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI
                   Α
                           19980421
    US 5741905
                                         US 1995-471816
                                                          19950606
    EP 1170290
                     A2
                           20020109
                                         EP 2001-123273
                                                          19950612
        R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI
    AU 9523229
                    A1
                           19960208
                                         AU 1995-23229
                                                          19950621
    AU 697798
                     В2
                           19981015
                     Α
    ZA 9505166
                           19960123
                                         ZA 1995-5166
                                                          19950622
    JP 08041·003
                     A2
                           19960213
                                         JP 1995-157769
                                                          19950623.
                     A1
    GB 2291644
                           19960131
                                         GB 1995-14407
                                                          19950714
    GB 2291644
                     B2
                           19980902
                    A
    US 6045586
                           20000404
                                         US 1998-9864
                                                          19980122
PRAI GB 1994-14881
                     Α
                           19940723
    GB 1994-17562
                     Α.
                           19940901
    US 1995-471816
                     A3
                           19950606
    EP 1995-810388
                     А3
                           19950612
OS
    MARPAT 124:289580
GI
```

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- The title compds. A(B-D)m [m = 1, 2; A = Q (wherein R = PhCO, benzotriazol-2-yl), Q1, Q2, Q3; R1 = Q [wherein R = (un)substituted Ph], glycidyloxy, OCH2CONHCH2OH, OCH2CON(CH2OH)2; X = F, C1, NHCH2OH; X1 = F, C1, NHCH2OH, Q4; wherein B = O, NH, SO2; R2 = alkoxycarbonyl, alkanoyl, SO3M, SO2CH2CH2OSO3M, etc.; M = H, Na, K, Ca, Mg, NH4, mono-, di-, tri-, or tetraalkylammonium that is di- or tri-substituted by a mixt. of C1-4 alkyl and C1-4 hydroxyalkyl group, or when A is a residue of formula Q1 or Q2; D = glycidyl, CH2CONHCH2OH, CH2CON(CH2OH)2, or CH2CH2OSO3M, or when A = Q1 or Q2, D = Q4 (wherein R2 = alkoxycarbonyl, SO3M, SO2CH2CH2OSO3M), Q5 (wherein n = 0,1), Q6 (wherein X, X1, M = same as above)], which are useful as UV absorbing agents and to a method of improving the sun protection of textile fiber material, are prepd. Thus, 13.1 g 2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazine was stirred with 7.3 g K2CO3 and 100 mL epichlorohydrin over 5 h at 110.degree. to give, after workup, the title compd. (I) in 88.1% yield. A bleached

cotton cretonne was treated with an aq. soln. contg. 2 g/L 40% AcOH and 250 g/L I, dried, and thermofixed at 170.degree. to give a fabric with sun protection factor (SPF) 41.

ST triazole prepn ultra violet absorber; hydroxybenzophenone prepn ultra violet absorber; textile fiber sun protection

IT Light stabilizers

Textiles

(prepn. of triazole and dihydroxybenzophenone derivs. as ultra -violet absorbers for sun protection of textiles)

IT 26464-76-6P 138968-60-2P 140613-28-1P 175391-13-6P 175391-14-7P 175391-15-8P 175391-16-9P 175391-17-0P 175391-18-1P 175391-19-2P 175391-20-5P 175391-21-6P 175391-22-7P 175391-23-8P 175391-25-0P 175391-24-9P 175391-26-1P 175391-27-2P 175391-28-3P 175391-29-4P 175391-30-7P 175391-31-8P 175391-32-9P 175391-33-0P 175391-34-1P 175391-35-2P 175391-36-3P 175391-37-4P 175391-38-5P 175391-39-6P 175391-40-9P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of triazole and dihydroxybenzophenone derivs. as ultra -violet absorbers for sun protection of textiles)

IT 50-00-0, Formaldehyde, reactions 79-07-2, Chloroacetamide 94-09-7, 99-92-3 106-89-8, reactions Ethyl 4-aminobenzoate 108-77-0, Cyanuric 109-12-6, 2-Aminopyrimidine 121-57-3 chloride 131-56-6, 2,4-Dihydroxybenzophenone 591-54-8, 4-Aminopyrimidine 1668-53-7 2494-89-5, 2-(4-Aminophenylsulfonyl)ethyl hydrogen sulfate 7336-20-1, Disodium 4,4'-diaminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonate 26858-65-1 38369-95-8 41427-13-8, Sodium 4-aminostilbene-2-sulfonate 164352-19-6 175391-41-0 175391-42-1, Disodium 4-aminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonate RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of triazole and dihydroxybenzophenone derivs. as ultra -violet absorbers for sun protection of textiles)

IT 138968-60-2P

CN

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of triazole and dihydroxybenzophenone derivs. as ultra-violet absorbers for sun protection of textiles)

RN 138968-60-2 HCAPLUS

Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-(oxiranylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 31 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:513532 HCAPLUS

DN 122:242398

Aminoplast-bonded light stabilizers with low volatility TΤ Szita, Jeno G.; Waterman, Paul S. IN PA American Cyanamid Co., USA SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 77 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DT Patent LA English IC ICM C07D487-04 ICS C07D403-12; C07D251-70; C07D251-18; C07D249-20; C08K005-34; C08K005-3447; C08K005-3475; C08K005-3492 ICI C07D487-04, C07D235-00 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) Section cross-reference(s): 37 FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ ----_____ ______ EP 604980 A1 19940706 19931228 EP 1993-121013 PΙ R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL US 5621052 A 19970415 US 1992-998099 19921229 CA 2112439 AA 19940630 CA 1993-2112439 19931224 A2 19940920 JP 06263965 JP 1993-349252 19931228 US 5547753 Α 19960820 US 1995-449401 19950523 A 19961008 US 5563224 US 1995-448291 19950523 US 5605986 US 5612084 A 19970225 US 1995-447668 19950523 A 19970318 US 1995-448161 19950523 PRAI US 1992-998099 19921229 Light stabilizers with low volatility and good compatibility with coating resins (e.g., acrylic-melamine) are prepd. by reacting alkoxymethylated aminoplasts (e.g., alkoxymethylated derivs. of glycoluril, melamine, and/or benzoguanamine) with light stabilizers [e.g., 2-(2hydroxyaryl)benzotriazoles, 2-hydroxybenzophenones, 2-(2-hydroxyaryl)-4,6diaryl-1,3,5-triazines, salicylic acid derivs., and/or 2-hydroxyoxanilides] in the presence of H2SO4. A light stabilizer was prepd. by reacting 8.0 g Powderlink 1174 with 32.2 g Cyasorb UV 5411 in 90 mL H2SO4. aminoplast light stabilizer adduct nonvolatile; UV ST absorber aminoplast adduct nonvolatile; phenol light stabilizer aminoplast adduct; benzotriazole light stabilizer aminoplast adduct; benzophenone light stabilizer aminoplast adduct; triazine light stabilizer aminoplast adduct; melamine resin light stabilizer adduct; glycoluril aminoplast light stabilizer adduct ΙT Phenols, uses RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (reaction products with aminoplasts, light stabilizers; prepn. and use of nonvolatile) Light stabilizers TΤ (reaction products with aminoplasts; prepn. and use of nonvolatile) Aminoplasts IT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (reaction products with light stabilizers; prepn. and use of nonvolatile) Coating materials TΤ (weather-resistant, acrylic-melamine resin; nonvolatile aminoplast-light stabilizer adducts for use in) 69-72-7DP, Salicylic acid, reaction products with aminoplasts TT 1843-05-6DP, Cyasorb UV 531, reaction products with aminoplasts

2725-22-6DP, Cyasorb UV 1164L, reaction products with aminoplasts 3147-75-9DP, Cyasorb UV 5411, reaction products with aminoplasts

9003-08-1DP, Cymel 300, reaction products with light stabilizers 17464-88-9DP, Powderlink 1174, reaction products with light stabilizers 66810-89-7DP, Cymel 1123, reaction products with light stabilizers 82493-14-9DP, reaction products with aminoplasts 95567-18-3DP, Cymel 1171, reaction products with light stabilizers RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (light stabilizers; prepn. and use of nonvolatile) 2725-22-6DP, Cyasorb UV 1164L, reaction products with aminoplasts ΙT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (light stabilizers; prepn. and use of nonvolatile) RN 2725-22-6 HCAPLUS Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-(octyloxy)-CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 32 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L17 ΑN 1994:558809 HCAPLUS 121:158809 DN Imino ethers as light stabilizers ΤI IN Avar, Lajos PΑ Sandoz-Patent-G.m.b.H., Germany SO Ger. Offen., 14 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX DT Patent LA German TC ICM C07D249-20 C07D251-24; C07D211-44; C08K005-34; C09K015-22; C09K015-30; C09D007-12

C07C217-00; C07C217-78; C08K005-3435; C08K005-3475; C08K005-3492 ICA 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 42

FAN.CNT 1					
KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE			
A1	19940203	DE 1993-4324793 19930723			
A1	19940204	FR 1993-9207 19930723.			
В1	19960223				
A1	19940202	GB 1993-15540 19930726			
B2	19960221				
A	19960913	CH 1993-2253 19930726			
Α	19960206	US 1993-98975 19930728			
A2	19940809	JP 1993-188480 19930729			
	19920730				
	A1 A1 B1 A1 B2 A	A1 19940203 A1 19940204 B1 19960223 A1 19940202 B2 19960221 A 19960913 A 19960206 A2 19940809			

```
OS
     MARPAT 121:158809
AB
     Imino ethers ZN:C(OX)nY (n = 1-3; when n = 1, Z = alkyl, biphenylyl, Ph,
     alkylphenyl, alkoxyphenyl; when n = 2, Z = alkylene, alkylphenylene,
     halophenylene, etc.; when n = 3, Z = trivalent aliph. or arom. group; <math>Y =
     alkyl, Ph, biphenylyl, 2-thienyl, etc.; X = substituted
     benzoylhydroxyphenyl, benzotriazolylhydroxyphenyl, triazinylhydroxyphenyl,
     or piperidinyl group) are prepd. and used as light stabilizers. Reacting
     2,4-dihydroxy-4-chlorobenzophenone with Me3C-p-C6H4C(R):N-p-C6H4Ph (I) (R
     = Cl) gave I [R = 4-(4-\text{chlorobenzoyl})-3-\text{hydroxyphenoxy}] which was used in
     lacquers based on acrylic and melamine resins to provide resistance to UV
     light and weathering.
ST
     imino ether phenol light stabilizer; benzophenone imino ether light
     stabilizer; benzotriazole imino ether light stabilizer; triazine imino
     ether light stabilizer; piperidine imino ether light stabilizer; acrylic
     melamine resin light stabilizer; UV absorber imino
     ether phenol
ΙT
     Coating materials
        (acrylic-melamine, light stabilizers for, imino ether derivs. as)
ŢΨ
     Imines
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (ether-, prepn. and use as light stabilizers)
IT
     Light stabilizers
        (imino ether derivs., prepn. and use of)
     Phenols, preparation
TΨ
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use as light stabilizers)
IT
     Amines, preparation
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (hindered, prepn. and use as light stabilizers)
TΤ
     Ethers, preparation
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (imino, prepn. and use as light stabilizers)
     18239-10-6, 4'-Chloro-2, 4-dihydroxybenzophenone
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (etherification of, with (biphenylylimino)(tert-butylphenyl)methyl
        chloride)
IT
     157550-38-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (etherification of, with (chlorobenzoyl)benzenediol)
     157550-39-5P 157550-40-8P 157550-41-9P 157550-42-0P
TΤ
     157550-43-1P
                    157550-44-2P
                                   157550-45-3P
                                                  157550-46-4P
                                                                  157550-47-5P
     157550-48-6P
                    157550-49-7P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use as light stabilizers)
IT
     157550-40-8P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use as light stabilizers)
RN
     157550-40-8 HCAPLUS
CN
     Benzenecarboximidic acid, N-octyl-, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-
```

triazin-2-yl]-3-hydroxyphenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 33 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ΑN 1993:613920 HCAPLUS

DN 119:213920

TI UV absorber-containing photographic material

IN Leppard, David G.; Slongo, Mario; Toan Vien Van

PA

Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. Eur. Pat. Appl., 54 pp. SO

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

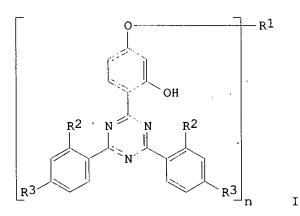
IC ICM G03C001-815

CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				-	
ΡI	EP 530135	A1	19930303	EP 1992-810396	19920526
	R: BE, DE,	FR, GB	, IT, NL		
	JP 05197074	A2	19930806	JP 1992-168646	19920603
PRAI	CH 1991-1642		19910603		
	CH 1991-2600		19910904		
os	MARPAT 119:2139	20			
GI					



AB A photog. material is described contg. multiple color photog. emulsion layers, a protective surface layer, a UV absorber layer between the protective layer and the emulsion layer where the UV absorber is I [n = 1, 2; R2, R3 = H, alkyl; when n =1, R1 = alkyl, alkylenoxy, CO2H, CO2R4, O2CR5, glycidyl, or GR (G = bond or divalent group; R = substituted polysiloxane group) and when n = 2, R1= alkylene, xylylene, biphenyl group, etc.; R4, R5 = alkyl]. Optionally the photog. material may contain another UV absorber. The material has improved extinction coeff. ST UV absorber photog hydroxyphenyltriazinyl

ΙT Photographic films

> (color, UV absorbers for, hydroxyphenyltriazinyl compds. as)

IT 2725-22-6 137658-77-6 137658-78-7 137658-79-8 138968-73-7 145024-34-6 145024-39-1 145024-40-4 139123-70-9 145024-43-7 149976-05-6 145024-44-8 RL: USES (Uses)

(UV absorber, in photog. films)

149976-03-4P **149976-04-5P** IT

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and use of, as UV absorber in photog. films)

149976-04-5P IT

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and use of, as UV absorber in photog. films)

RN 149976-04-5 HCAPLUS

Phenol, 5-[2-(acetyloxy)-3-butoxypropoxy]-2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-CN 1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 34 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L17

ΑN 1991:682137 HCAPLUS

DN 115:282137

TΙ Stabilization of high-solids coating with liquid compositions of triazine UV absorbers and preparation of the absorbers

Waterman, Paul Sheldon ΙN

PA American Cyanamid Co., USA

Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp. SO CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 81

LA English

IC ICM C07D251-24

ICS C08K005-3492

CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

		_
ואתם	ריאזידי	7
CAN	.CNT	_1_

121144	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 444323 EP 444323	A2 A3	19910904 19911113	EP 1990-125824	19901231
	EP 444323	B1	19970319		
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES, FR	, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU	, NL, SE
	AT 150458	E	19970415	AT 1990-125824	19901231
	ES 2098242	Т3	19970501	ES 1990-125824	19901231
	AU 9171102	A1	19910829	AU 1991-71102	19910215
	AU 649997	B2	19940609		
	JP 04211672	A2	19920803	JP 1991-50200	19910225
	JP 2894519	B2	19990524		
	CA. 2037097	AA	19910829	CA 1991-2037097	19910226
	BR 9100787	Α	19911029	BR 1991-787	19910227
	US 5721298	Α	19980224	US 1995-454973	19950531
	US 5759700	Α	19980602	US 1995-454972	19950531
	US 5786477	Α	19980728	US 1995-454970	19950531
	US 5795499	Α	19980818	US 1995-454971	19950531
PRAI	US 1990-486625		19900228		
	US 1989-456917		19891226	•	
	US 1994-224204		19940317		
os	MARPAT 115:2821	.37		•	
GI					

AΒ Polymer coatings are stabilized against light degrdn. by addn. of a liq. compn. comprising an org. solvent and .gtoreq.40 wt% triaryltriazines I (X,Y,Z = multivalent arom. group, R1-9 = H, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, sulfonic,CO2H, halo, haloalkyl, or acylamino, with .gtoreq.1 of R1-9 = OH and attached ortho to the point of attachment to the triazine ring and .gtoreq.1 of R1-9 = alkoxy and attached para to the point of attachment to the triazine ring). Thus, 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-(2,4dihydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine was refluxed with mixed isomeric octyl chlorides (95% C8) in MeCOBu-iso at 122.degree. to give 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-[2-hydroxy-4-(C8-alkoxy)phenyl]-1,3,5triazine (II). An acrylic coating compn. contg. 2% II and 1% hindered amine light stabilizer applied to a steel panel precoated with a primer and a white base layer and cured 30 min at 120 degree. to give a coating with 93% 20.degree. gloss retention after 4000 h in an accelerated weather test.

Me Me

II

ST triazine hydroxyalkoxyphenyl UV absorber coating; high solids coating UV absorber; light stabilizer high

```
solids coating; acrylic coating UV absorber;
     octyloxyhydroxyphenyltriazine UV absorber coating
ΙT
     Light stabilizers
       . (UV, substituted triaryltriazine derivs., for coatings)
IT
     Coating materials
        (high-solids, UV absorbers for, substituted
        triaryltriazines as)
IT
     73772-39-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (alkylation by, of hydroxyaryltriazines)
     1668-53-7
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (alkylation of, with isomeric octyl chloride mixt.)
IT
     106917-31-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (light stabilizer, with substituted triaryltriazine UV
        absorbers, for coatings)
IT
     137759-38-7P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as UV stabilizers for coatings)
ΙT
     137759-38-7P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as UV stabilizers for coatings)
RN
     .137759-38-7 HCAPLUS
     Phenol, 2-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-5-(isooctyloxy)-
ÇN
      (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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ANSWER 35 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L17
ΑN
     1991:122423 HCAPLUS
DN
     114:122423
ΤI
     Preparation of 2-(2',4'-dihydroxyphenyl)-4,6-diaryl-s-triazines
ΙN
     Burdeska, Kurt; Guenter, Franz
PA
     Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
     ICM C07D251-24
IC
ICA
     C07D251-22
     28-19 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                       KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                             DATE
                                                              DATE
     EP 395938
                        A2
PT
                             19901107
                                            EP 1990-107370
                                                              19900418
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EP 395938
                   A3
                        19911204
EP 395938
                   В1
                        19960117
                DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, SE
    R: AT, CH,
                        19920128
                                                          19900418
US 5084570
                   Α
                                        US 1990-510494
AT 133164
                   E
                        19960215
                                        AT 1990-107370
                                                          19900418
ES 2081868
                   Т3
                        19960316
                                        ES 1990-107370
                                                          19900418
CA 2014886
                   AΑ
                        19901021
                                        CA 1990-2014886
                                                          19900419
JP 02292267
                   A2
                        19901203
                                        JP 1990-103290
                                                          19900420
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ZA 1990-2997

19900420

19900420

19910805

19990217

19901228

BR 9001844 A 19910618 BR 1990-1844 US 5106972 A 19920421 US 1991-739963 PRAI CH 1989-1536 19890421 US 1990-510494 19900418

Page 83

B2

Α

OS MARPAT 114:122423

JP 2857219

ZA 9002997

09/698368

GI

MEDLEY

AB The title compds. (I; R1 = H, C1-4 alkyl; R2 = C1-4 alkyl), useful as UV absorbers and starting materials, were prepd. by 1) Friedel-Crafts reaction of 2,4-dichloro-6-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine (II) with 3-R2C6H4R1, 2) chlorination of the resulting 2,4-diphenyl-6-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine, and 3) Friedel-Crafts reaction of the resulting 2,6-diphenyl-6-chloro-1,3,5-triazine with 3-HOC6H4OH. Thus, II in PhMe was added over 1.5 h to AlC13 in PhMe at 75.degree. and the mixt. was kept at 85-90.degree. for 5.5 h to give 91.2% 2,4-bis(4-methylphenyl)-6-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine. The latter in PhMe at 55-60.degree. was treated with SO2C12 in PhMe over 40 min followed by stirring for 30 min to give the 6-chloride, which was coupled with 3-HOC6H4OH to give I (R1 = H, R2 = Me).

ST hydroxyphenylmethylphenyltriazine prepn UV absorber;

triazine triphenyl prepn UV absorber

IT Friedel-Crafts reaction

(of dichloro(methylthio)triazine with methylbenzenes)

IT Light stabilizers

(UV, triphenyltriazine derivs.)

IT 108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with chlorodiphenyltriazine deriv.)

IT 108-38-3, m-Xylene, reactions 108-88-3, Toluene, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with dichloro(methylthio)triazine)

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 84

IT 13705-05-0, 2,4-Dichloro-6-methylthio-1,3,5-triazine RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with toluene or xylene)

IT 1237-53-2P 21902-34-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with resorcinol)

IT 99939-91-0P 132427-55-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and conversion of, to chloride deriv.)

IT 1668-53-7P 38375-15-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as **UV absorber** and intermediate)

IT 1668-53-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as UV absorber and intermediate)

RN 1668-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 36 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1991:63535 HCAPLUS

DN 114:63535

TI Light-stabilizers for polymers containing hindered amine and light -absorbing groups

IN Ravichandran, Ramanathan; Galbo, James P.

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D211-94

ICS C07D401-12; C07D401-14; C08K005-3492; C08K005-3435

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 27, 28, 42

FAN.CNT 1

	PATI	ENT 1	NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI	EP :	3894: 3894: 3894:	27			19900926 19911127 19940427	EP 1990-810195 19900313
		R: 5021 2012		FR,	GB, IT A AA	19910604 19900921	US 1990-479880 19900214 CA 1990-2012503 19900319

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MEDLEY 09/698368
                    Page 85
                       A2
                            19901212
                                            JP 1990-73181
     JP 02300168
                                                             19900322
     JP 2860589
                       B2
                            19990224
PRAI US 1989-326848
                            19890321
OS
    MARPAT 114:63535
     The title compds. are less basic than other stabilizers and so do not
AΒ
     related curing. Refluxing Me 3-benzotriazol-2-yl-5-tert-butyl-4-
     hydroxyhydrocinnamate 30.0 and 4-hydroxy-1-methoxy-2,2,6,6-
     tetramethylpiperidine 19.1 g in xylene with distn. of H2O, cooling to
     100.degree., adding LiNH2, and refluxing 16 h with distn. of MeOH gave
     24.5 g 1-methoxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl 3-benzotriazol-2-yl-5-
     tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate.
ST
    hindered amine UV stabilizer; piperidine hindered UV stabilizer;
    benzotriazole deriv light stabilizer
    Light stabilizers
IT
        (hindered amines bearing UV-absorbing groups, for
        polymers, manuf. of)
ΙT
    Coating materials
     Polymers, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (light stabilizers for, hindered amines bearing UV-
        absorbing groups as)
IT
     131806-85-4P
                    131806-86-5P
                                   131806-87-6P
                                                                  131806-89-8P
                                                   131806-88-7P
     131806-90-1P
                    131806-91-2P
                                   131806-92-3P
                                                   131806-93-4P
                                                131806-97-8P
    131806-94-5P 131806-95-6P
                                 131806-96-7P
     131806-98-9P
                    131806-99-0P
                                   131807-00-6P
                                                   131807-01-7P
                                                                  131807-02-8P
     131807-03-9P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (light stabilizers for polymers, manuf. of)
TΤ
     131807-11-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (oxidn. of)
     131807-10-8P
ΙT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
ΙT
     131807-09-5P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, and reaction with dihydroxyoxanilide)
IT
     131807-08-4P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, and reaction with hydroxybenzophenone)
ΙT
     2169-69-9
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with (ctyloxy)tetramethylpiperidinol)
IT
     19389-82-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with (cyclohexyloxy)tetramethylpiperidinamine)
IT
     49769-78-0, Dimethylbenzylmalonate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with (cyclohexyloxy)tetramethylpiperidinol)
ΙT
     1668-53-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with (octyloxy)tetramethylpiperidinyl chloroacetate)
IT
     112993-72-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with [(cyclohexyloxy)tetramethylpiperidinyl]chloroacetami
ΙT
     131-56-6, 2,4-Dihydroxybenzophenone
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with acetic acid derivs.)
TΨ
     122586-72-5
                   131807-05-1
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RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with benzotriazolylhydroxyhydrocinnamate) 79-04-9 TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with butylaminomethoxytetramethylpiperidine) 122586-97-4 TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with chloroacetyl chloride) 131807-04-0 TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with cinnamates) 19532-73-1, 2,2'-Dihydroxyoxanilide TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with cyclohexyloxytetramethylpiperindyl chloroacetate) IT 96-32-2, Methylbromoacetate RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with dihydroxybenzophenone) 131807-06-2 TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with dixylyl(dihydroxyphenyl)triazine) IT 131807-07-3 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with ethoxyhydroxyoxanilide) 122586-84-9 TT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with hydroxyethoxypropoxybenzophenone) TΤ 84268-33-7 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with hydroxymethyoxytetramethylpiperidine) 21121-97-1 ΤT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with piperidinol derivs.) 87018-00-6 TΤ RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reactions of, with benzophenones and benzylmalonates) Τጥ 131806-94-5P RL: PREP (Preparation) (light stabilizers for polymers, manuf. of) 131806-94-5 HCAPLUS RN Acetic acid, $\{4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3-$ CN hydroxyphenoxy]-, 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-(octyloxy)-4-piperidinyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 37 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1989:553846 HCAPLUS

DN 111:153846

TI Preparation of reactive, nonyellowing triazines useful as UV screening agents for polymers

IN Migdal, Cyril A.; Hines, John B.; Kluger, Edward W.

PA Milliken Research Corp., USA

SO U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D251-12

NCL 544216000

CC 28-19 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) Section cross-reference(s): 37, 42

FAN.CNT 1

T. WILL !	714T T				
	PATENT NO.	KIND.	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 4826978	Α	19890502	US 1987-139342	19871229
	US 4962142	Α	19901009	US 1988-270871	19881114
PRAI	US 1987-139342		19871229		
OS	CASREACT 111:153	846; M	ARPAT 111:15384	6	
GI					

AB 2,2'-(1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diyl)bis[5-ethoxyphenol] derivs. I (R = Ph bearing an electron-withdrawing substituent, esp. Br, Cl, F; R1 = H, C2-7 acyl; R2 = H, Me) were prepd. Thus, cyanuric chloride and AlCl3 were heated 18 h at 125.degree. in PhCl to give 2,4-dichloro-6-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazine. AlCl3 was added to a mixt. of the latter and resorcinol in PhNO2 at -10.degree., followed by stirring 16 h at room temp. and 4 h at 50.degree., to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,6-bis(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine. This was etherified with ClCH2CH2OH in EtOCH2CH2OH to give I (R = 4-ClC6H4, R1 = R2 = H) (II). A polymer resin prepd. from di-Me terephthalate, ethylene glycol, and 0.5 part II was clear yellow and absorbed light at 250-400 nm.

Incorporation of II did not affect polymn. kinetics, nor did it sublime out or discolor the resin.

ST triazinebisphenol prepn light stabilizer polymer; plastic light stabilizer triazinebisphenol prepn; coating material light stabilizer triazinebisphenol

IT Coating materials

Polymers, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

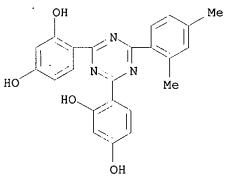
(light stabilizers for, triazinebisphenols as reactive)

IT Light stabilizers

(reactive, triazinebisphenols, for coating materials and polymers)

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 88

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108-46-3, 1,3-Benzenediol, reactions
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (arylation by, of chlorotriazine derivs.)
ΙT
     100-59-4, Phenylmagnesium chloride 108-38-3, reactions
                                                                 108-86-1,
                              108-90-7, Chlorobenzene, reactions
     Bromobenzene, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (arylation by, of cyanuric chloride)
     108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride
TΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (arylation of, by benzene derivs.)
     107-07-3, 2-Chloroethanol, reactions
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (etherification by, of triazinebisphenols)
                   91064-30-1P
TT
     10202-46-7P
                                 122864-80-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and arylation of, by resorcinol)
                  2125-25-9P 25023-99-8P
ΙT
     1440-03-5P
                                           122864-81-7P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and etherification of, by chloroethanol)
     122897-09-0P
TΤ
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as non-yellowing UV screener)
TΤ
     2125-28-2P
                  122864-76-0P
                                 122864-77-1P 122864-78-2P
     122864-79-3P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as reactive light stabilizer for coating materials and
        polymers)
IT
     25023-99-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and etherification of, by chloroethanol)
     25023-99-8 HCAPLUS
RN
     1,3-Benzenediol, 4,4'-[6-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl]bis-
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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L17 ANSWER 38 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1987:68642 HCAPLUS
DN 106:68642
TI Sulfonated 2-hydroxyphenyl-s-triazines as photoprotective agents for wool
AU Waters, Peter J.; Milligan, Brian
CS Div. Protein Chem., CSIRO, Parkville, 3052, Australia
SO Polym. Degrad. Stab. (1986), 16(2), 187-97
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2,4-dihydroxy-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

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L17 ANSWER 39 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1986:524162 HCAPLUS

DN 105:124162

TI Hydroxyphenyltriazines and their use as UV absorbers

IN Fryberg, Mario; Jan, Gerald; Mariaca, Raul; Kramp, Ekkehard

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 60 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM C07D251-24

ICS C07D251-22; C07D401-04; C07D413-12; C07D417-12; G03C001-92

CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN. CNT 1

L'EMIN.	CNII				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 165608	A2	19851227	EP 1985-107628	19850620
	EP 165608	A 3	19861203		
	EP 165608	В1	19910102		
	R: BE, CH,	DE, FR	, GB, IT, LI	, NL	
	JP 61024577	A2	19860203	JP 1985-135839	19850621
	JP 05017226	B4	19930308		
PRAI	CH 1984-3028		19840622		
GI					

AB Triazine derivs. of the formula I [R, R1, R2 = II (R3 = C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, OH, or COR4 where R4 = C1-8 alkyl or Ph; M = a cation; m = 1 or 2; n = 0-3), alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, and the like; and .gtoreq.1 of R-R2 is II] are described for use as UV absorbers in color photog. materials. The derivs. are incorporated at 200-400 mg/m2. Thus, a color photog. material contg. a magenta coupler was exposed and processed to give a magenta d. of 1.0. This material was then coated with a gelatin layer contg. III at 500 mg/m2. The material was then exposed at 20 kJ/cm2 in an alternating dry and moist atm to show a residual d. of 0.82 vs. 0.20 for a III-free control.

ST hydroxyphenyltriazine deriv **UV absorber** photog; color photog hydroxyphenyltriazine deriv stabilizer

IT Photographic stabilizers

(UV, hydroxyphenyltriazine derivs. as)

IT Light stabilizers

(UV, hydroxyphenyltriazine derivs. as, for color photog. materials)

IT Photographic films

(color, contg. hydroxyphenyltriazine derivs. as UV
absorbers)

IT 104209-42-9 104209-43-0 104209-44-1 104209-45-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(color photog. film contg., as UV absorber)

ΙT 104209-66-7P 104209-68-9P 104209-65-6P 104209-67-8P 104209-69-0P 104209-70-3P 104209-71-4P 104209-72-5P 104209-73-6P 104209-74-7P 104209-75-8P 104209-76-9P 104209-77-0P 104209-78-1P 104209-79-2P 104209-80-5P 104209-81-6P 104209-82-7P 104209-83-8P 104209-84-9P 104209-85-0P 104209-86-1P 104209-88-3P 104209-87-2P 104209-90-7P 104209-89-4P 104209-91-8P 104225-00-5P 104225-01-6P 104209-92-9P RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and color photog. applications of, as UV

absorber)
IT 104209-93-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, with resorcinol)

IT 104209-94-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, with sodium chlorohydroxypropylsulfonate)

MEDLEY 09/698368 Page 92 1853-75-4P TT 1440-00-2P 1440-03-5P 1853-73-2P 1853-76-5P 2125-23-7P 2125-25-9P 4000-90-2P 4604-25-5P 4679-26-9P 4925-82-0P 5069-87-4P 104209-46-3P 104209-47-4P 104209-48-5P 104209-49-6P 104209-50-9P 104209-51-0P 104209-52-1P 104209-53-2P 104209-54-3P 104209-55-4P 104209-56-5P 104209-57-6P 104209-58-7P 104209-59-8P 104209-60-1P 104209-61-2P 104209-62-3P 104209-63-4P 104209-64-5P 104224-98-8P 104224-99-9P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reactions of) ΙT 108-77-0 RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with (aminophenyl)methylbenzothiazole) 108-46-3, reactions TT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with [(aminophenyl)methylbenzothiazolyl]dichlorotriazine) 92-36-4 IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with cyanuric chloride) 41980-40-9 TT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with hydroxyphenyltriazine derivs.) IT 104209-65-6P RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and color photog. applications of, as UV absorber)

1-Propanesulfonic acid, 3,3'-[[6-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl]bis[(3-hydroxy-4,1-phenylene)oxy]]bis[2-hydroxy-, dipotassium salt

104209-65-6 HCAPLUS

(CA INDEX NAME)

RN

CN

●2 K

L17 ANSWER 40 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1970:121590 HCAPLUS
DN 72:121590
TI Hydroxyphenyl-s-triazine protective materials against ultraviolet rays for textiles
IN Duennenberger, Max; Biland, Hans R.; Luethi, Christian
PA CIBA Ltd.
SO Patentschrift (Switz.), 22 pp.

CODEN: SWXXAS DT Patent LA German B01J; C08K; C07D IC CC 28 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------_____ CH 484695 A 19700131 PΙ CH 1963-484695 19631230 PRAI CH 1963-16014 19631230 GΙ For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. The triazines (I) are prepd. and used as uv light AB absorbers for textile materials such as cellulose acetate, nylon 66, poly(vinyl chloride), paper, polyethylene, and polypropylene. prepd. by known methods, e.g., with Friedel-Crafts catalysts in inert org. solvents (R-R5 and m.p. given): OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, >300.degree.; HOCH2CH2O, OH, OH, H(OCH2CH2)2O, OH, OH, 283-5.degree.; OH, OH, OH, H, H, >300.degree.; H2C:CHCH2O, OH, OH, CH2:CHCH2O, H, H, 178.degree.; OH, OH, OH, PhCH2O, H, H, 242-6.degree.; PhCH2O, OH, OH, Ph-CH2O, H, H, 171.0-2.5.degree.; 4-ClC6H4CH2O, OH, OH, 4-ClC6H4-CH2O, H, H, 265-7.degree.; HOCH2CH2O, OH, OH, HOCH2CH2O, H, H, 252-3.degree.; MeCH: CHCH2O, OH, OH, MeCH: CHCH2O, H, H, 212-13.degree.; NC(CH2)3O, OH, OH, NC(CH2)30, H, H, 223-4.degree.; Et02C(CH2)30, OH, OH, Et02C(CH2)30, H, H, 100-1.degree.; C1(CH2)30, OH, OH, C1(CH2)30, H, H, 181-3.degree.; BzCH20, OH, OH, BzCH2O, H, H, 280-1.degree.; H2C:CHCH2O, OH, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, H, tert-Bu, 146-7.degree.; OH, OH, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, H, tert-Bu, 230-1.degree.; PhCH2O, OH, OH, PhCH2O, H, tert-Bu, 212-14.degree.; HOCH2CH2O, OH, OH, H(OCH2CH2)2O, H, tert-Bu, 181-8.degree.; EtO2CCH2O, OH, OH, EtO2CCH2O, H, tert-Bu, 169-70.degree.; EtO2CCH2O, OH, EtO2CCH2O, H, tert-Bu, 139-41.degree.; H2C:CHCH2O, OH, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, H, OMe, 135.0-7.5.degree.; PhCH2O, OH, OH, PhCH2O, H, OMe, 87-8.degree.; EtO2CCH2O, OH, OH, EtO2CCH2O, H, OMe, 152-3.degree.; EtO2CCH2O, OH, EtO2CCH2O, EtO2CCH2O, H, OMe, 174-6.degree.; H2C:CHCH2O, OH, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, H, C1, 143-4.degree.; PhCH2O, OH, OH, PhCH2O, H, Cl, 177-8.degree.; H2C:CHCH2O, OH, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, H, Ph, 136-7.degree.; H2C:CHCH2O, OH, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, 168-9.degree.; Ph-CH2O, OH, OH, PhCH2O, OH, OH, 249-50.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, OH, 197.5-8.5.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, H2C:CHCH2O, 141-2.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, HO2CCH2O, 215-16.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, PhCH2O, 164.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, 4-C1C6H4CH2O, 153-5.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, HOCH2CH2O, 176.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, EtO2CCH2O, 94-7.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, EtO2C(CH2)3O, 125-6.degree.; Me, Me, Me, Me, OH, MeCH:CHCH2O, 159-60.degree.; Me, Me, Me, OH, H(OCH2CH2)20, 93-4.degree.. Thus, a film prepd. from cellulose acetate contg. 1 % I (R = HOCH2CH2O, R1 = R2 = OH, R3 = H(OCH2CH2)2O, R4 = H, R5 = tert-Bu) had transparency values, before and after 100 hr exposure in a Fade-Ometer, of 0, 9, 44, 72, and 83%, resp., at wavelengths of 280-370, 380, 390, 400, and 410 m.mu.. hydroxyphenyl triazines; triazines hydroxyphenyl; UV ST absorbers textiles; absorbers textiles UV ΙT Textiles (light stabilizers for, triazinylphenol derivs. as) ΙT Light, ultraviolet, chemical effects (stabilizers, triazinylphenol derivs. as, for textiles) Acetic acid, [[6-(p-tert-butylphenyl)-s-triazine-2,4-diyl]bis[(3-hydroxy-p-IT phenylene)oxy]]di-, diethyl ester RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 1237-53-2P 1439-98-1P 1439-99-2P 1440-00-2P 1440-01-3P ΙT 1440-02-4P 1440-03-5P 1440-04-6P 1440-05-7P 1440-06-8P 1440-07-9P 1440-08-0P 1440-09-1P

1440-10-4P 1668-53-7P 1908-75-4P 1908-76-5P 1908-78-7P 1908-77-6P 1908-79-8P 1909-36-0P 1909-37-1P 1909-38-2P 1909-40-6P 1909-41-7P 1909-42-8P 2125-23-7P 1974-79-4P 2125-24-8P 2125-25-9P 2125-26-0P 2125-27-1P 2125-28-2P 2125-29-3P 2125-30-6P 2125-31-7P 3866-22-6P 3949-27-7P 4010-13-3P 4018-89-7P 4551-31-9P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) ΙT 1440-06-8P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 1440-06-8 HCAPLUS RN CN Acetic acid, [4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-3hydroxyphenoxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 41 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L17 1970:112267 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 72:112267 ΤI Light-stabilized 4-triazinyl-3-hydroxyphenyl acrylate polymers and Huber, Helmut; Schaefer, Paul; Biland, Hans R.; Luethi, Christian; Eschle, INKarl; Duennenberger, Max PACIBA Ltd. Patentschrift (Switz.), 9 pp. SO CODEN: SWXXAS DTPatent LA German IC CC 36 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ____ ----------CH 481954 19691130 CH 1965-481954 19651109 Α PRAI CH 1965-15401 19651109 Uv light-absorbing compds. (I) [where Q = CH:CH or CMe:CH and R1-R4 = Me, H, or C1] (II) were soln. polymd., soln. or emulsion copolymd. with Bu acrylate, styrene (III), stearyl methacrylate (IV), Bu methacrylate (V), Me methacrylate (VI), or their mixts.; or grafted to polyethylene (VII) to give light-stable polymers resistant to yellowing. Adding 0.5-4% copolymers of II (R1-R4 = Me; Q = CH:CH) (VIII) and III or IV or homopolymer of II (R1 = R3 = C1; R2 · = R4 = H, Q = CH:CH) (IX) to lacquer, VII, or polypropylene improved their resistance to migration, cracking, or blooming under uv light. For

example, 15 parts 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-s-

ST

IT

IT

TΤ

TΤ

RN CN triazine, prepd. by Friedel-Crafts reaction from cyanuric chloride, 1,3-dimethylbenzene, and resorcinol in the presence of AlCl3, was dissolved in 570 parts hot dry benzene; 0.01 part thiodiphenylamine and 5.95 parts pyridine (X) added; 3.4 parts acryloyl chloride (XI) in 40 parts benzen e slowly added dropwise; and the mixt. heated 0.5 hr at 70.degree. to ppt. 15.2 parts I (Q = 2-pyridinioethyl chloride, R1-R4 = Me) (XII), m. 196-8.degree.. XII (15 parts) in 2000 parts H2O was mixed 0.5 hr with 26 parts 2N NaOH to give 11 parts crude VIII, m. 151-3.degree. after recrystn. Use of 8.4 parts Et3N instead of X and 3.8 parts XI in a similar manner gave 12 parts VIII, m. 154-5.degree.. IX, m. 201-2.degree:; II (R1 = C1, R2 = H, Q = CH:CH, R3 = R4 = Me) (XIII), m. 117-19.degree.; II (R1-R4 = H, Q = CH:CH) (XVV), m. 161-3.degree.; and II (R1-R4 = Me, Q = CMe:CH) (XV), m. 122.5.degree., were prepd. similarly using Et3N catalyst. Azobisisobutyronitrile (0.1 part) in 5 parts benzene was added to 5 parts VIII in 15 parts benzene while heating 6 hr at 75.degree. under N to give a polymer, softening range 170-85.degree.. Polymers prepd. similarly from IX, XIII, and XIV, softening at 225-30.degree., 225-35.degree., and 205-10.degree., resp., gave clear colorless or yellowish light uvabsorbing films. All copolymers were prepd. similarly from VIII or by emulsion polymn. with K2S2O8 catalyst. Softening temps. of soln. copolymers prepd. from 5 parts VIII and III 6, V 5, or VI 6 parts were 135-40.degree., 90-100.degree., and 155-65.degree., resp. VII (5 parts) was dissolved at 80.degree. in 45 parts cyclohexane under N; the soln. cooled to 60.degree.; 0.06 part lauroyl peroxide in 5 parts cyclohexane added; after 10 min, 1 part XIII added and the mixt. heated 4 hr at 80.degree. to give uv light-absorbing graft copolymer contg. 8% XIII. Polymg. XIII 4 hr before addn. of VII gave no graft copolymer. UV resistant polymers; triazinylhydroxyphenyl acrylates; acrylates triazinylhydroxyphenyl; methacrylates triazinylhydroxyphenol Polymerization (of triazinylhydroxyphenyl acrylates) 27028-39-3, preparation 27028-40-6, preparation 28881-68-7, preparation RL: USES (Uses) (graft, light-stable) **27101-66-2P**, preparation **27102-70-1P**, preparation 27028-35-9, preparation 27028-36-0 27028-37-1, 27028-34-8 preparation 27028-38-2 RL: PREP (Preparation) (light-stable) **27101-66-2P**, preparation RL: PREP (Preparation) (light-stable) 27101-66-2 HCAPLUS Methacrylic acid methyl ester, polymer with 4-(4,6-di-2,4-xylyl-s-triazin-2-yl)-3-hydroxyphenyl acrylate (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 13391-06-5 CMF C28 H25 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} \text{C--} \text{C--} \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

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ANSWER 42 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L17
     1970:79103 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     72:79103
ΤI
     o-Hydroxyphenyl-s-triazine ultraviolet absorbers
     Duennenberger, Max; Biland, Hans R.; Luethi, Christian
IN
PA
     CIBA Ltd.
SO
     Patentschrift (Switz.), 7 pp. Addn. to Swiss 467833
     CODEN: SWXXAS
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
     B01J; C08K; C07D
IC
CC
     28 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                             DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
     -----
     CH 480091
                        Α
                             19691031
                                             CH 1963-480091
                                                               19630923
PΤ
PRAI CH 1963-11688
                             19630923
GI
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     Addn. to Swiss 467,833. 2-Chloro-4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-s-triazine
     is reacted with resorcinol in the presence of AlCl3 to prep. I (R = H)
     (Ia), m. 197.5-8.5.degree. (H2O-HCONMe2). Ia is treated with Me2SO4,
     Et2SO4, PrBr, and octyl bromide in water or HCONMe2 in the presence of
     NaOH to prep. I (R = Me), m. 179.5-180.0.degree. (benzene-MeOH), I (R = Me)
     Et) (Ib), m. 155-6.degree., I (R = Pr), m. 128.5-9.0.degree. (CH2Cl2-EtOH)
     and I (R = octyl), m. 83.5-4.0.degree.. I are useful as uv
     light absorbers for increasing the light
     stability of cellulose acetate (II), polyamides, poly(vinyl chloride),
     paper, polyethylene, and similar materials. Thus, II film contg. 1% Ib was undamaged after 100 hr aging in a Fade-Ometer.
     UV absorbers triazines; triazines dixylyl
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MEDLEY '09/698368 Page 97

hydroxyphenyl ΙT

Light, ultraviolet, chemical effects

(stabilizers, triazine derivs. as, for textiles and plastics)

ΙT 1668-53-7P 1820-28-6P 1820-29-7P

2725-22-6P 3882-65-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

1668-53-7P TΤ

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of) 1668-53-7 HCAPLUS RN

CN 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-[4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]- (9CI)(CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 43 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1968:410484 HCAPLUS AN

DN 69:10484

ΤI hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine derivatives containing sulfonic groups for e catalyst.ang.

PA CIBA Ltd.

SO Fr., 18 pp.

CODEN: FRXXAK

DT Patent

LA French

IC C07D

CC 28 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PΙ FR 1494413 19670808

PRAI CH

19650924

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds., which are used as stabilizers for perfumes, soaps, coatings, paints, and gelatin in photographic plates, are prepd. by treating hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazine with an alkanesultone in an inert org. solvent in the presence of an alkali. Thus, 12.2 parts propanesultone (I) in 120 parts Me2CO was added to a soln. contg. NaOH 5.7, 2,4-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-6-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine(II) (Fr. 1379138) 40, and Me2CO 800 parts. The mixt. was stirred 2 hrs. at 35.degree. and 2 hrs. at 45.degree., refluxed 18 hrs., cooled in ice, and filtered to give III, m. 330.degree. (HCONMe2-alc.). III was converted to the free acid by cation-exchange resins. III (5.7 parts in 300 parts H2O was treated at 70-80.degree. with a soln. of 20 parts Pb(NO3)2 in 200 parts H2O, cooled to 15.degree., filtered, and the residue dried in vacuo at 120.degree. to give the Pb deriv. softening at 230.degree. and m. >320.degree.. Pb(NO3)2 could be replaced by BaCl2.2H2O, NiCl2.6H2O, CoSO4.7H2O, ZnCl2, CaCl2, CuCl2, and CdCl2 to give III metal derivs., m. >320.degree., 290-320.degree., 295-300.degree., 250-6.degree., >310.degree., <188.degree., and <310.degree., resp. Other hydroxyphenyl-1,3,5-triazines (IV) were treated similarly with I [R1, R2, and m.p. (of the product) given]: Cl, H, -; H, H, <300.degree.; tert-Bu, H, <310.degree.; OMe, H, <300.degree.; Ph, H, 300.degree.; H, H, <300.degree.; and OH, OH, <300.degree.. II when treated similarly with butanesultone and NaOH gave a product m. >300.degree.. A compn. contg. poly(vinyl chloride) 100, dioctyl phthalate 59, and Pb deriv. of III 0.1 part was calendered at 145-50.degree. to a 0.5-mm. film. This film absorped light completely at 280-370 m.mu.. By heating the film at 170.degree., it showed less yellowing than a control compn. free of III deriv.

ST paints stabilizers; triazines hydroxyphenyl; perfumes stabilizers; soaps stabilizers; gelatin photog stabilizers; coatings stabilizers; hydroxyphenyltriazines; alkanesultones vs triazines

IT s-Triazine, hydroxyphenyl derivs.

IT 17362-21-9P 18499-06-4P 18499-07-5P 18499-08-6P 18499-09-7P 18499-10-0P 18499-11-1P 18499-12-2P 18499-13-3P 18499-14-4P 18499-15-5P 18499-16-6P 18499-17-7P 18503-28-1P 18503-29-2P 18503-30-5P 18503-31-6P 18503-32-7P 18503-33-8P 18522-26-4P 20430-29-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)

IT 17362-21-9P

RN 17362-21-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 3-[4-(4,6-di-2,4-xylyl-s-triazin-2-yl)-3-hydroxyphenoxy]-, monopotassium salt (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

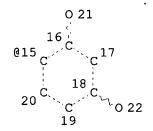
K

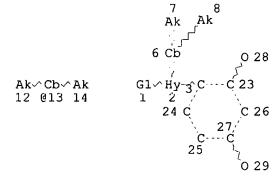
=> D QUE L35

L5 SCR 1840 L7 SCR 1993



STR





VAR G1=15/13
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT 2
GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT 13
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS M2 N AT 2

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

SIEREO	MILKIDOLE	ED. NONE		
L12	426	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS F	UL L9 AND L5 AND L7	
L13	210	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	L12	
L14	66	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	L13(L) (PREP OR SPN OR	IMF)/RL
L15	9	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	L14 AND ?YELLOW?	
L16	42	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	L14 AND (LIGHT? OR UV	OR ULTRAVIOLET
		OR ULTRA(W) VIOLET) (3A) A	BSORB?	
L17	43	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	L15 OR L16	
L34	7	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	L14 AND <u>DISCOLOR</u> ?	no additional
L35	0	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	(L17 OR L34) NOT L17	no adult
	-	 ,		answe

MEDLEY '09/698368 Page 100

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C 15
                                     covers claim 7/

1 structure

1 cA ref = applicants
                    G1
                 X~~ Hy~ G1
VAR G1=12/13
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
      IS MCY UNS AT
GGCAT
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS M2 N AT
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 12
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L29
                SCR 1379 OR 1197
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L26 AND L24 AND L29
L31
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L31
L33
=> D L33 ALL HITSTR
L33 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2002:353442 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     136:370503
DN
TΙ
     Non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine ultraviolet light
     absorbers and their preparation
     Gupta, Ram B.; Singh, Hargurpreet; Cappadona, Russell C.; Paterna, Mark;
IN
     Wagner, Al
     Cytec Technology Corp., USA
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 137 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
     Patent
DT
     English
LA
     ICM C07D251-24
     ICS C08K005-3492
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 28
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                           APPLICATION NO.
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WO 2001-US32209 20011016,

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,

UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700/LAW LIBRARY 308-4290

A1 20020510

PΙ

WO 2002036579

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AU 2002011759
                       A5
                            20020515
                                           AU 2002-11759
                                                             20011016
PRAI US 2000-698368
                       Α
                            20001030
     WO 2001-US32209
                       W
                            20011016
OS
     MARPAT 136:370503
AB
     Pyrimidine and triazine UV light absorbers contq. a phenolic arom.
     groups(s) and a nonphenolic arom. groups(s) protect materials (plastics,
     cosmetics, fibers, etc.) against degrdn. by environmental forces,
     inclusive of UV light, actinic radiation, oxidn., moisture, atm.
     pollutants, and combinations. The new class of pyrimidines and triazines
     includes 2(1) nonphenolic arom. groups with hydrocarbyl groups that are
     ortho to each other and 1(2) resorcinol or substituted resorcinol groups
     attached to a triazine or pyrimidine ring. The pyrimidines and triazines
     may be included in a polymeric structure. Lexan 100 contg. 0.35%
     2-[2-hydroxy-4-octyloxyphenyl]-4,6-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine and
     0.1% phosphite antioxidant (Ultranox 641) had a melt flow index 6.8 q/10
     min, vs. 8 g/10 min for a control polycarbonate sample without stabilizer,
     after oven aging at 130.degree..
ST
     pyrimidine dialkylaryl resorcinol light stabilizer polymer; triazine
     dialkylaryl resorcinol light stabilizer polymer
ΙT
     Discoloration prevention agents
        (antiyellowing; non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine
        UV light absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
ΙT
     UV stabilizers
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
TΤ
     Cosmetics
     Dyes
     Paper
     Photographic films
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
IΤ
     Alkyd resins
     Aminoplasts
     Epoxy resins, uses
     Natural rubber, uses
     Phenolic resins, uses
     Polyamides, uses
     Polycarbonates, uses
     Polyesters, uses
     Polyethers, uses
     Polyimides, uses
     Polyketones
     Polyolefins
     Polyoxymethylenes, uses
     Polyoxyphenylenes
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     Polysulfones, uses
     Polythiophenylenes
     Polyurethanes, uses
     Synthetic rubber, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
ΙT
     Polyimides, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide-; non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV
        light absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
     Polyimides, uses
TT
     Polysulfones, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
```

```
(polyether-; non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV
        light absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
IT
     Polyamides, uses
     Polyethers, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (polyimide-; non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV
        light absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
ΙT
     Polyethers, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (polysulfone-; non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV
        light absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
                    423177-99-5P
IT
     423177-98-4P
                                   423178-00-1P
                                                  423178-01-2P
                                                                  423178-02-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
IT
     423177-96-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
IT
     260981-92-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
IT
     95-47-6, o-Xylene, reactions
                                    98-09-9, Benzenesulfonyl chloride
     98-88-4, Benzoyl chloride
                                105-39-5, Ethyl chloroacetate
                                                                 108-46-3,
     Resorcinol, reactions
                             108-77-0, Cyanuric chloride
                                                           23500-79-0
     25267-27-0, Iodobutane
                             25267-31-6, Iodooctane 423177-97-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
ΙT
     9002-86-2, Polyvinylchloride
                                    9003-08-1, Melamine/formaldehyde resin
                                9003-35-4, Phenol/formaldehyde copolymer
     9003-17-2, Polybutadiene
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene
                              9003-54-7, Styrene acrylonitrile copolymer
     9003-56-9, ABS
                      9004-36-8, Cellulose acetate butyrate
                                                              9011-05-6,
     Urea/formaldehyde copolymer
                                   24936-68-3, Lexan 100, uses
                                                                 25014-41-9,
                         25037-45-0
     Polyacrylonitrile
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers and other materials)
              THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Cytec Tech Corp; WO 0014077 A 2000 HCAPLUS
IT
     423177-97-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (non-yellowing ortho-dialkyl aryl-substituted triazine UV light
        absorbers for incorporating into polymers)
RN
     423177-97-3 HCAPLUS
     1,3,5-Triazine, 2-chloro-4,6-bis(3,4-dimethylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
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